

Search for neutral and charged BSM Higgs Bosons with the ATLAS detector

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on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

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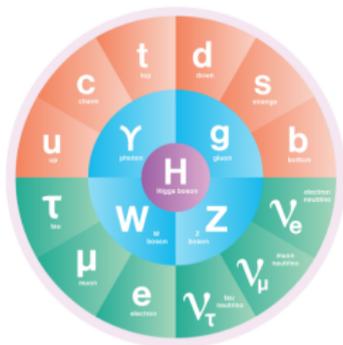
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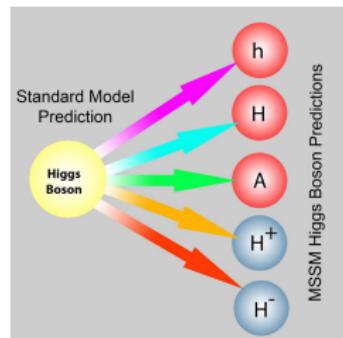
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Introduction

- The current Standard Model (SM) was completed with the discovery of the Higgs boson at $m_h = 125 \text{ GeV}$ in 2012
- However, the theory lacks explanation for several phenomena and shows *naturalness* issues (fine-tuning, hierarchy)
- Many models beyond the SM (BSM) have been proposed to cover these issues, which imply the inclusion of additional Higgs bosons:
 - Neutral (CP-even H and CP-odd A)
 - Charged (singly H^\pm or doubly $H^{\pm\pm}$)
- Searches for these additional bosons are performed by looking for final states of their decays:
 - Fermionic, Bosonic, di-higgs



● QUARKS ● LEPTONS ● BOSONS ● HIGGS BOSON



BSM Higgs Models

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Electroweak singlet

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Two-Higgs-Doublet Model (2HDM)

- Two Higgs doublets: ϕ_1, ϕ_2
- Five Higgs bosons: h, H, A, H^\pm
- Two parameters:
 - $\tan \beta \equiv v_1/v_2$, mixing angle α
- Several types, according to the coupling of doublets:

Type	Description	u -quarks	d -quarks	e -leptons
I	Fermiophobic	ϕ_2	ϕ_2	ϕ_2
II	MSSM-like	ϕ_2	ϕ_1	ϕ_1
X	Lepton-specific	ϕ_2	ϕ_2	ϕ_1
Y	Flipped	ϕ_2	ϕ_1	ϕ_2

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Minimal Supersymmetric SM (MSSM)

- SUSY in its minimal form
- Implements Type-II 2HDM with five Higgs bosons: h, H, A, H^\pm
- At tree level, two parameters: $\tan \beta$ and m_A
- Higher-order corrections are fixed to scan phenomenological scenarios:
 - hMSSM, $m_h^{\max}, m_h^{\text{mod}\pm}, \dots$

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Higgs Triplet Model (HTM)

- Higgs triplet: $\vec{\phi} = (\phi^{++}, \phi^+, \phi^0)$
- Seven Higgs bosons: $h, H, A, H^\pm, H^{\pm\pm}$

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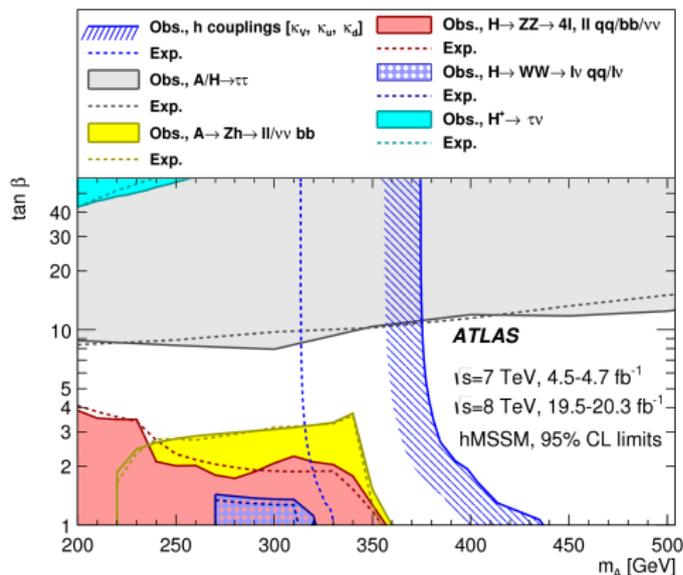
- Higgs triplet: $\vec{\phi} = (\phi^{++}, \phi^+, \phi^0)$
- Seven Higgs bosons: $h, H, A, H^\pm, H^{\pm\pm}$

Other Models

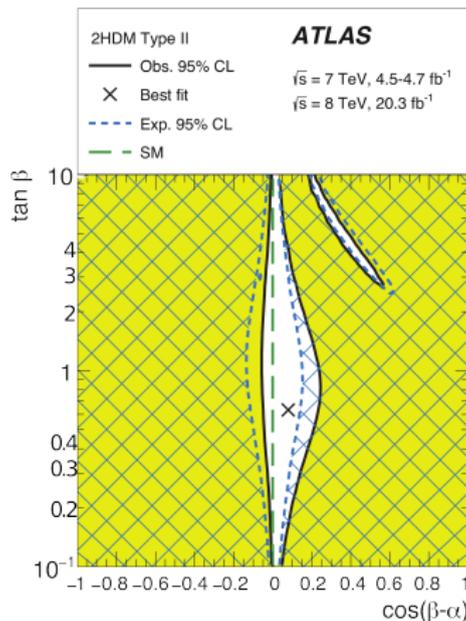
- NMSSM: $h, H_1, H_2, A_1, A_2, H^\pm$
- Left-Right symmetric models (LSR)

Introduction

- Many models beyond the SM (BSM) have been proposed to cover these issues:
 - 2HDM, MSSM, HTM, NMSSM, LRS
- Analysis of Run 1 data excluded regions of parameters from these models:



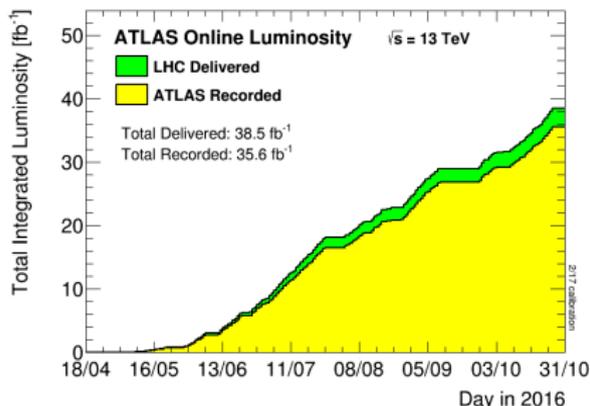
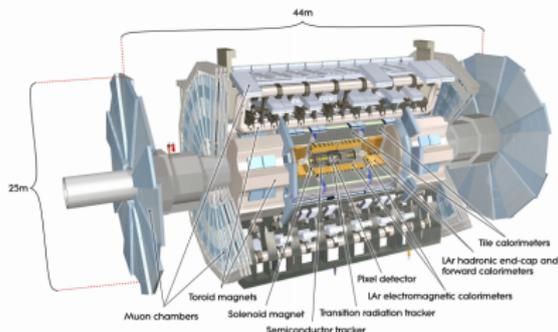
Exclusion limits for hMSSM scenario



Exclusion limits for Type-II 2HDM

Introduction

- Searches performed with the ATLAS detector
 - Luminosity collected in Run 2 at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ GeV}$
 - 2015: 3.2 fb^{-1}
 - 2016: 35.6 fb^{-1}
- ⇒ Most of results were published with part of 2016 data
- Total analyzed: $3.2 \text{ fb}^{-1} + [10-12] \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 - Analysis with full 2016 data are in progress
 - Last results will be covered here, in preparation for coming results!



Summary of the BSM Higgs Analysis

Neutral H to Bosons

- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$
- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu qq$
- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$
- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell + E_T^{\text{miss}}$
- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell qq' / \nu\nu qq'$
- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow Z\gamma$
- $A \rightarrow Zh$

Neutral H to Fermions

- $\Rightarrow H/A \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- $\Rightarrow H/A \rightarrow tt$
- $H/A \rightarrow tt + jets$

Neutral H to SM di-higgs

- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow WW\gamma\gamma$
- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow bbbb$
- $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$

Charged Higgs $H^\pm, H^{\pm\pm}$

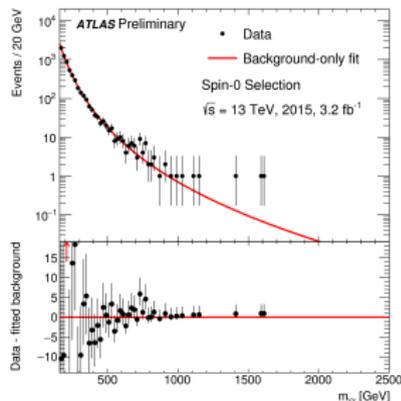
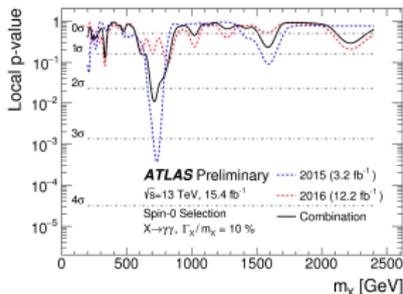
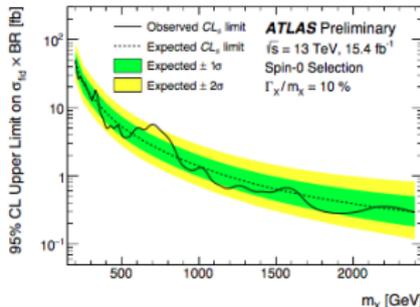
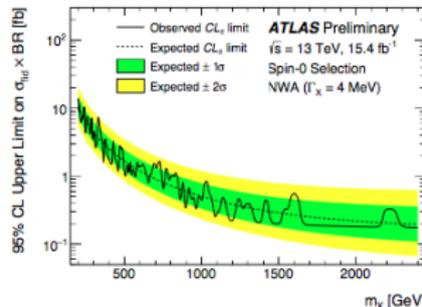
- $\Rightarrow H^\pm \rightarrow tb$
- $\Rightarrow H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu$
- $\Rightarrow H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e^\pm e^\pm$

Luminosity Legend

- Only 2015 = 3.2 fb^{-1}
- Partial 2016 $\sim 15 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Full 2016 -

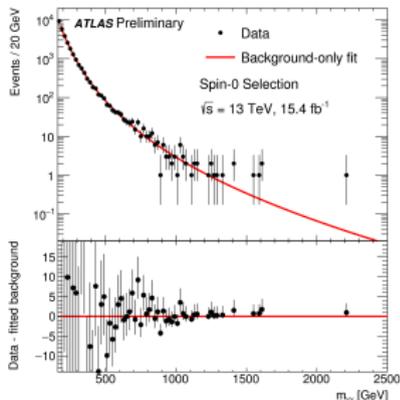
Neutral Higgs to Bosonic final states

- In December 2015, ATLAS (and CMS) reported an excess or $\sim 4\sigma$ around 750 GeV with 3.2 fb^{-1}
- Latest ATLAS result with 15.4 fb^{-1} show **no excess** ($< 1\sigma$)
- Analysis limited to spin-0 resonance
- Event selection
 - 2 photons: $m_\gamma > (40 \text{ GeV}, 30 \text{ GeV})$
 - Decay products: $p_T^{\gamma 1} > 0.4 m_{\gamma 1}$, $p_T^{\gamma 2} > 0.3 m_{\gamma 2}$
 - Invariant mass $m_{\gamma\gamma} > 150 \text{ GeV}$

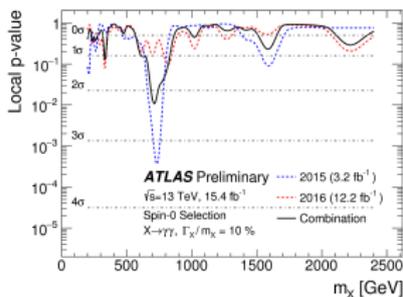
Data 2015: 3.2 fb^{-1}  $\Gamma_x / m_x = 10\%$  $\Gamma_x / m_x = 10\%$ 

Narrow Width Approx (NWA)

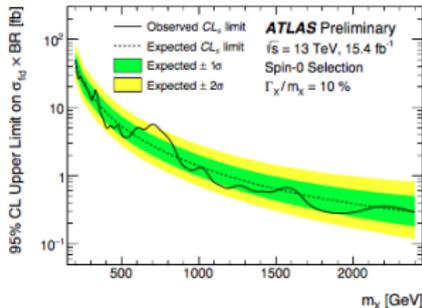
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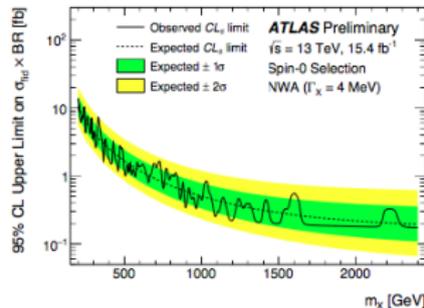
Data 2015+partial 2016: 15.4 fb⁻¹



$\Gamma_x/m_x = 10\%$



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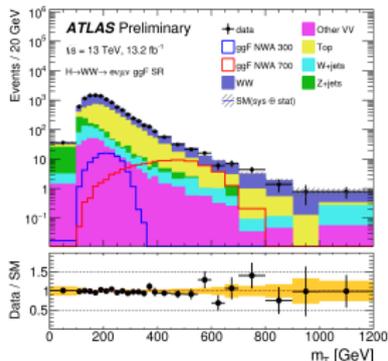
Narrow Width Approx (NWA)

- Update of extended search of the leptonic decay of WW analysis to high-mass region ($m_{WW} > 300 \text{ GeV}$) for NWA and LWA
- Three orthogonal categories: 0-jet (ggF oriented), 1 jet and ≥ 2 jets (both VBF oriented)
- Discriminating variable: transverse mass (m_T)
- Main event selection

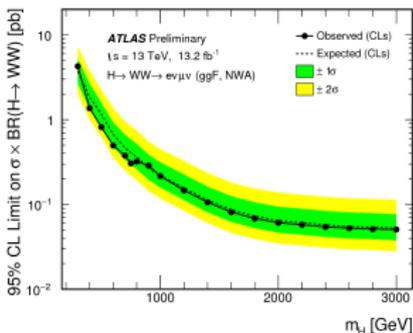
- Two Opposite Sign (OS) Different Flavour (DF) leptons, with $p_T > (45 \text{ GeV}, 30 \text{ GeV})$
- Invariant mass $m_{\ell\ell} > 55 \text{ GeV}$
- b -veto, $\Delta\eta_{\ell\ell} < 1.8$, $m_T^W > 50 \text{ GeV}$

$$m_T = \sqrt{(E_T^{\ell\ell} + E_T^{\text{miss}})^2 - (p_T^{\ell\ell} + E_T^{\text{miss}})^2}$$

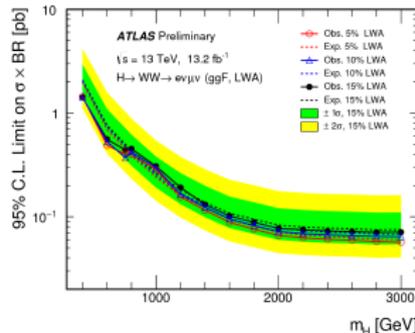
$$m_T^W = \sqrt{2p_T^\ell E_T^{\text{miss}}(1 - \cos(\phi_\ell - \phi(E_T^{\text{miss}})))}$$



SR ggF

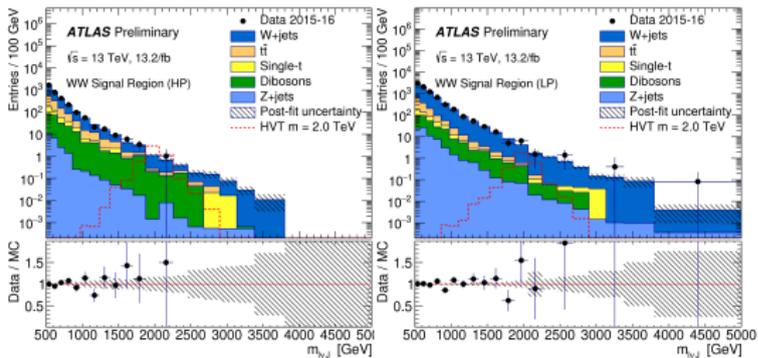
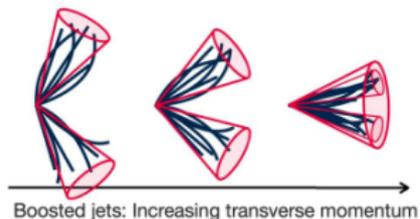


ggF NWA



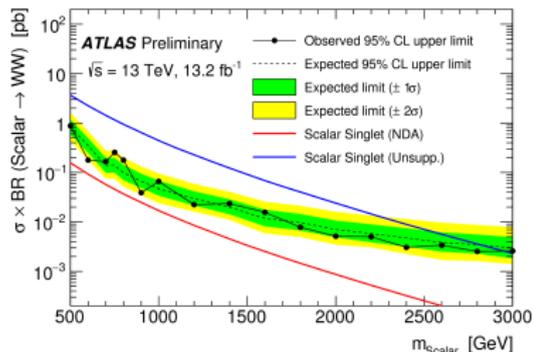
ggF LWA

- Diboson resonance (WW) in the NWA with mass-fit width of 4 GeV
- One W decays leptonically (e or μ plus neutrino) and the other hadronically
- The two jets are boosted and can be reconstructed as a single jet (J)
- Main event selection:
 - W_{lep} : One lepton, Missing $E_T > 100$ GeV, $p_T(\ell\nu) > 200$ GeV
 - p_T^J and $p_T^{\ell\nu} > 0.4m_{J,\ell\nu}$, Invariant mass $m_J \sim 15$ GeV of m_{WW}
 - b -jet veto, sub-jet structure checks, which defines two categories: high-purity and low-purity



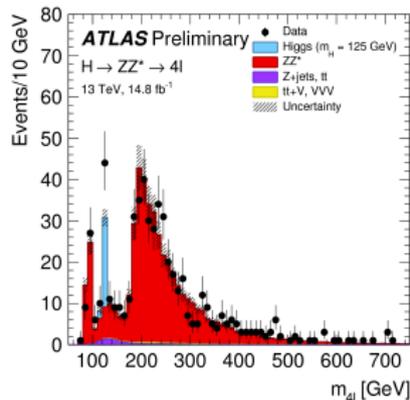
WW SR, High-Purity

WW SR, Low-Purity

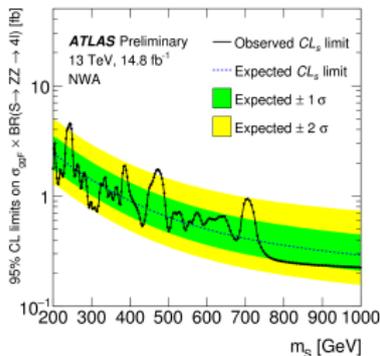


Exclusion limit for heavy Higgs in NWA

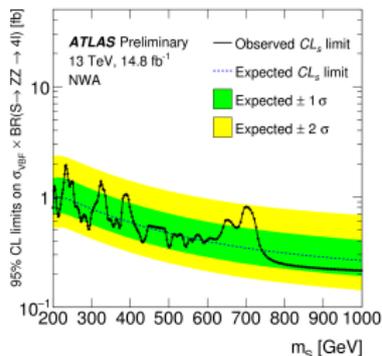
- Extended search of ZZ analysis to high-mass region ($m_{4\ell} > 140 \text{ GeV}$) in NWA and LWA
- In NWA, two categories:
 - VBF: 2 jets, $m_{jj} > 400 \text{ GeV}$, $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 3.3$
 - ggF: rest
- Main event selection
 - Two pairs of OS SF leptons with $p_T > (20 \text{ GeV}, 15 \text{ GeV}, 10 \text{ GeV}, \text{reco})$
 - Leading pair inv. mass: $50 \text{ GeV} < m_{12} < 106 \text{ GeV}$
 - Sub-Leading pair inv. mass: $12 \text{ GeV} < m_{34} < 115 \text{ GeV}$



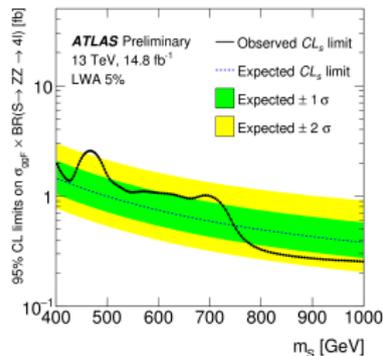
Signal Region



NWA ggF



NWA VBF

LWA VBF width 5% m_H

Other bosonic channels

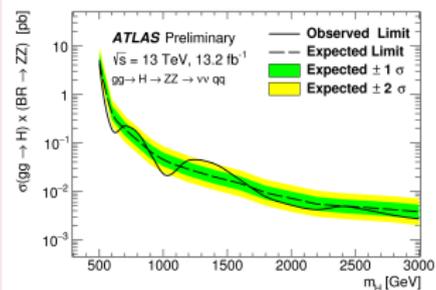
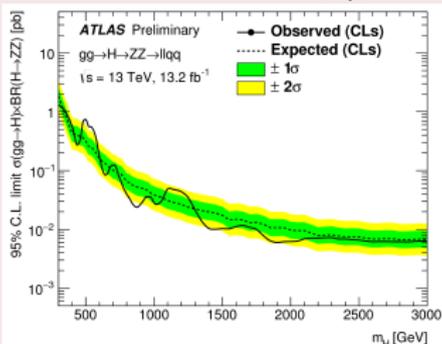
$H \rightarrow ZV$

$\ell\ell qq$

- Boosted and Resolved analysis
- Invariant mass of system (m_{ZV})

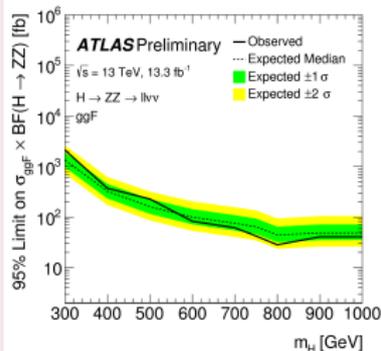
$\nu\nu qq$

- Only Boosted analysis
- Transverse mass of system (m_T)



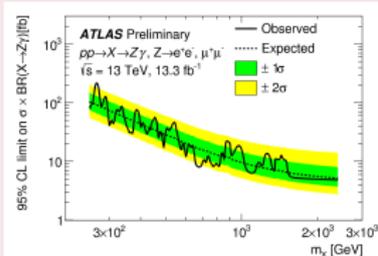
$H \rightarrow Z(\ell\ell) + E_T^{\text{miss}}$

- Two OS SF leptons and high E_T^{miss}
- Mass range 300-1000 GeV



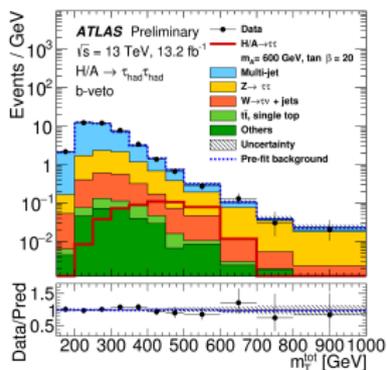
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$

- $Z\gamma$ in 250-2400 GeV
- Leptonic decay of Z (e, μ)

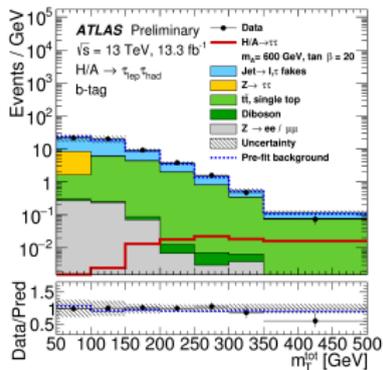


Neutral Scalars to Fermionic final states

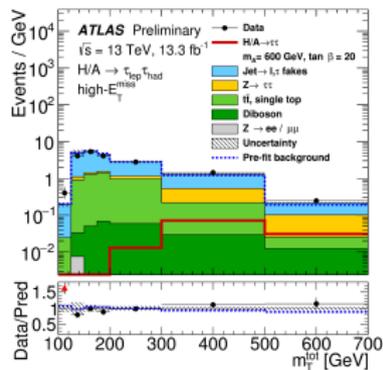
- Searching for heavy resonance in di- τ events in mass range between 200 and 1200 GeV
- Results interpreted in different MSSM scenarios
- In MSSM, large $\tan\beta$ enhances coupling of H with *down* fermions: τ and b
- Two main categories: b -tagged (bbH oriented) and b -veto (ggF)
- Two final states
 - Fully hadronic: two hadronic τ with trigger and p_T variable requirements
 - Semi-leptonic: combination of single-lepton and E_T^{miss} triggers, adds high- E_T^{miss} category



$\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ b -veto

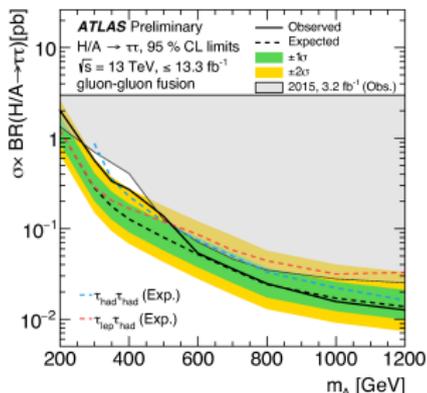


$\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ b -tag

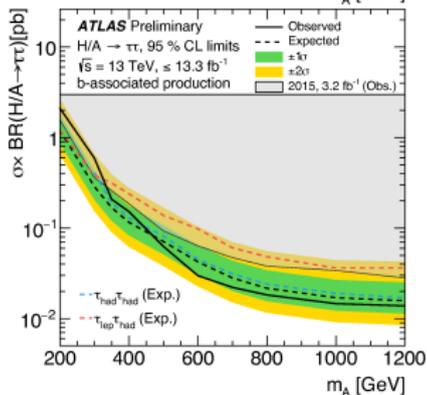
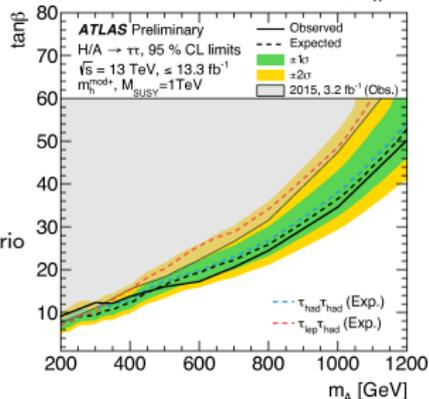


$\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ high- E_T^{miss}

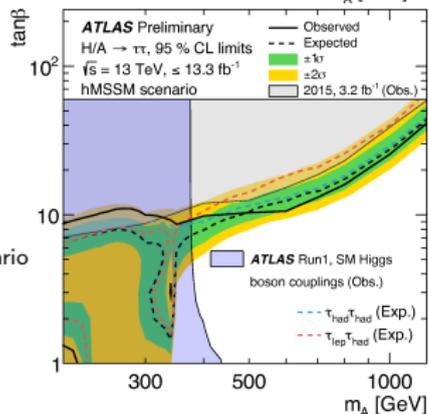
Excl. limits on production $\sigma \times BR$ for model-independent (ggF,bbH) and model-dependent ($m_h^{\text{mod}+}$, hMSSM)



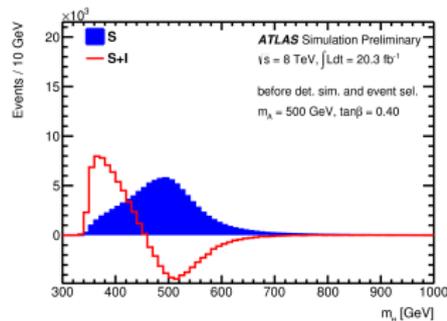
ggF
 $m_h^{\text{mod}+}$ scenario



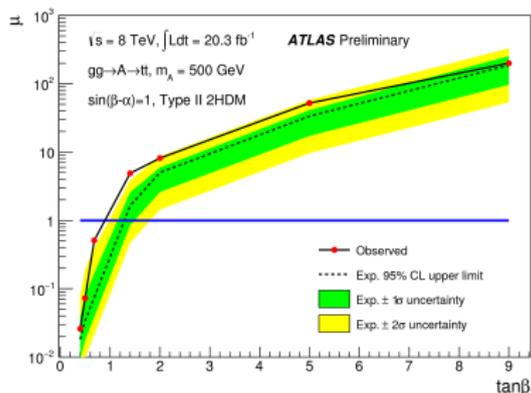
bbH
 hMSSM scenario



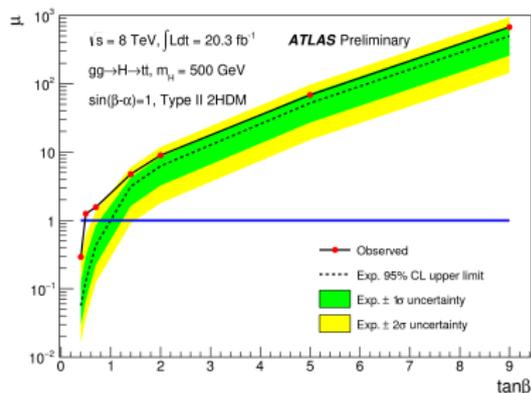
- Update of analysis adding inference of signal with SM $t\bar{t}$ background in mass range 400-800 GeV
- Signal: $A/H \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b}W(\rightarrow q\bar{q})W(\rightarrow \ell\nu)$
- Aimed for resolved topology (top quark with low p_T and thus, separated jets)
- Main event selection
 - 2 leptons with $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $E_T^{\text{miss}} + m_T^W > 60 \text{ GeV}$
 - Four jets, at least one b -tagged \rightarrow three categories



Signal interference for $m_A = 500 \text{ GeV}$, $\tan \beta = 0.4$



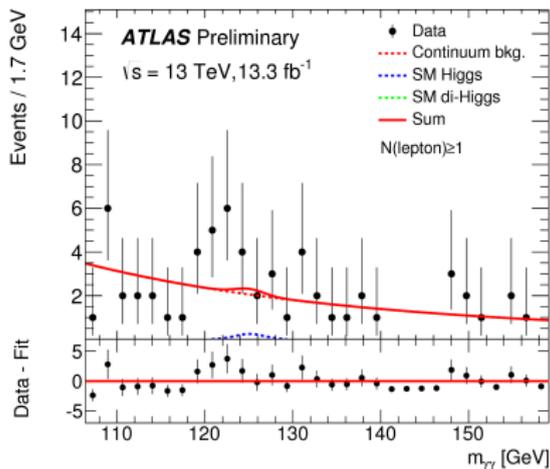
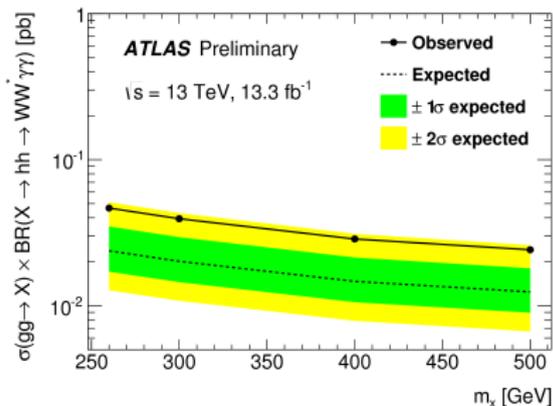
Excl. limit on signal strength μ
for $m_A = 500 \text{ GeV}$ in type-II 2HDM



Excl. limit on signal strength μ
for $m_H = 500 \text{ GeV}$ in type-II 2HDM

Di-Higgs production

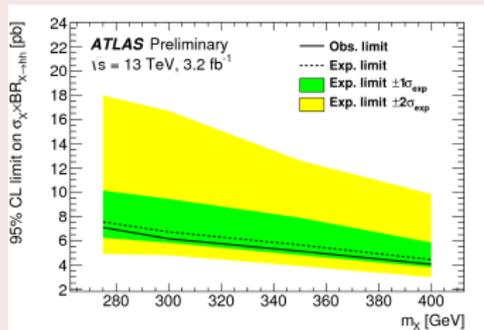
- Semileptonic decay of WW and two photons
- Large BR of WW and clean signature of $\gamma\gamma$ and one lepton
- Low BR of $\gamma\gamma$ at high mass so range: 260-500 GeV
- Main event selection
 - 2 γ with $p_T > (35 \text{ GeV}, 25 \text{ GeV})$ and $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ between 105-160 GeV
 - Two jets with b -veto
 - Two categories: 1-lepton (SR) and 0-leptons (CR)
 - SR: $|m_{\gamma\gamma} - m_H| < 2\sigma_{\gamma\gamma}$

One-lepton region $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ continuumExcl. limit on $\sigma(gg \rightarrow X) \times BR(X \rightarrow hh \rightarrow WW\gamma\gamma)$

Other di-higgs analysis

$H \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma - 3.2\text{fb}^{-1}$

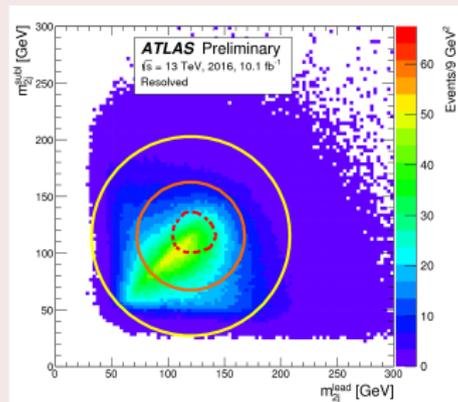
- Benefit from large bb BR and clean $\gamma\gamma$
- Limited mass range: 300-1000 GeV
- Two γ , b -jets, $m_{\gamma\gamma}$: 105-160 GeV



Excl. limit as a function of m_x on $\sigma_x \times BR(x \rightarrow hh)$ for NWA

$H \rightarrow bbbb - 13.2\text{fb}^{-1}$

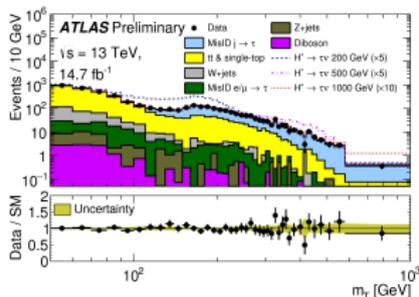
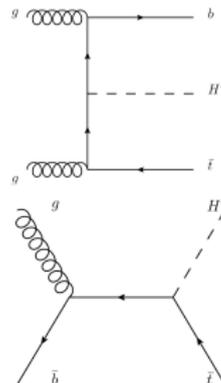
- Resolved analysis
 - Two h -candidates with $m_{bb} \sim m_H$
 - Mass range between 300-1200 GeV
- Boosted analysis:
 - Two large- R jets
 - $p_T^J \hat{z}(450 \text{ GeV}, 250 \text{ GeV}), |\eta| < 2.0$ and $m_J > 50 \text{ GeV}$



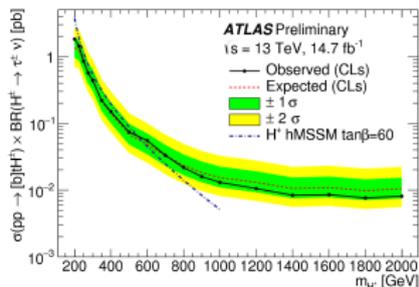
Resolved SR (red) and CR (yellow)

Charged Higgs boson

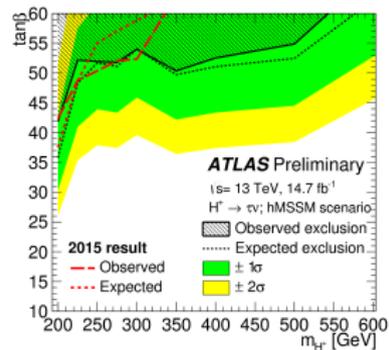
- Searching H^\pm in final states with one τ , E_T^{miss} and a top quark in mass range of 200-2000 GeV
- Signal coming from tbH^\pm and tH^\pm modes 4/5 FS
- Analysis uses fully hadronic decays of τ and top quark
- Interpretation of result in hMSSM $m_h^{\text{mod-}}$ scenarios
- Main event selection
 - One hadronic τ with $p_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$, E_T^{miss} trigger
 - Three jets with at least one of them being b -tagged
 - $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_T > 50 \text{ GeV}$



Distribution of m_T after full event selection and a fit to the data

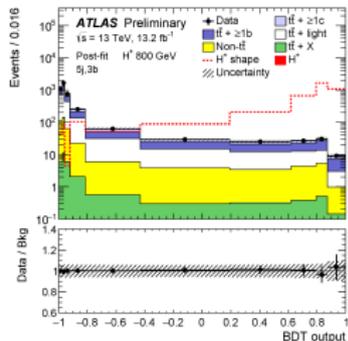


Limit on $\sigma(pp \rightarrow [b]tH^\pm) \times BR(H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu)$

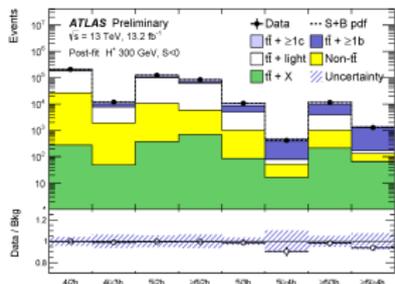


Limit on $\tan \beta - mH^\pm$ in the $m_h^{\text{mod+}}$ scenario

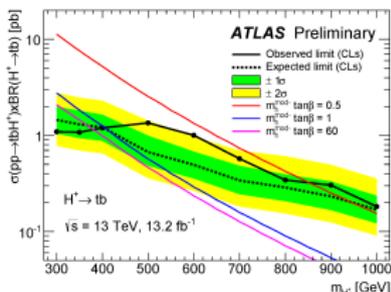
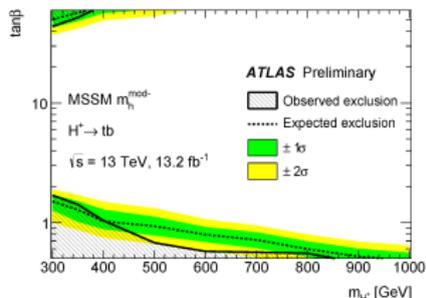
- Searching H^\pm in final states with one lepton + (b) jets
- Production of H^\pm in association with tb is explored in mass range 300 to 1000 GeV
- Analysis uses MVA technique: BDT
- Interpretation of result in $m_h^{\text{mod-}}$ scenario of MSSM
- Main event selection
 - One lepton (e or μ) with $p_T > 25$ GeV
 - Four jets with at least two of them b -tagged
 - Four SR and CR are defined, according to the distribution of jets and b -jets



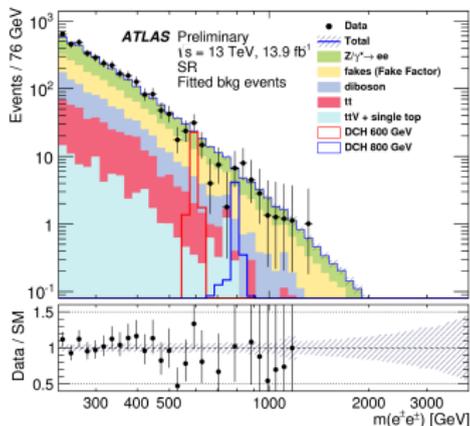
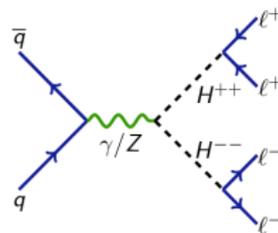
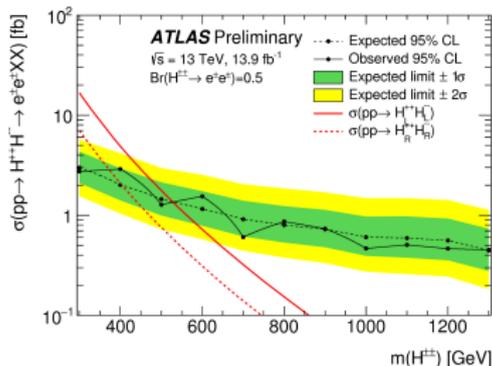
BDT output for the SR: 5j-3b cat



Post-fit distribution of predicted and observed events in the four CR (left) and the four SR (right)

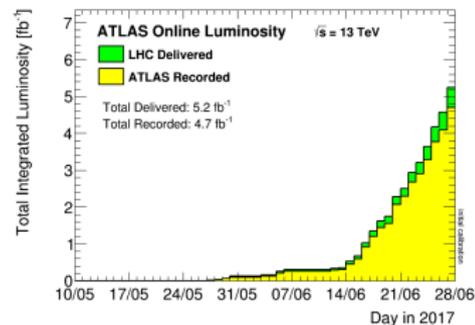
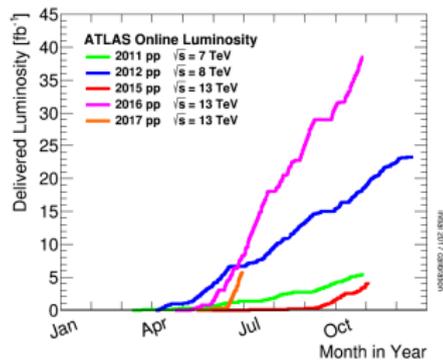

 Limit on $\sigma(pp \rightarrow tbH^\pm) \times BR(H^\pm \rightarrow tb)$ with three models of $m_h^{\text{mod-}}$ scenario

 Limit on $\tan \beta - m_H^\pm$ in the $m_h^{\text{mod-}}$ scenario

- Doubly-charged Higgs bosons arise in some BSM: LRSM, HTM,...
- Pairs of high- p_T isolated SS e^{\pm} can be enhanced
- Main event selection
 - 4 regions: Signal Region (SR), Validation Region (VR) and 2 Control Region (CR)
 - SR: At least one SS pair of e with $m_{ee} > 300 \text{ GeV}$
 - OS CR for deriving scaling factors for Drell-Yan and $t\bar{t}$ backgrounds
 - Diboson CR for deriving respective factor: OS electron pair in Z mass window and additional SS pair with $m_{ee} > 200 \text{ GeV}$
 - SS VR: Same selection than SR but for $m_{ee} < 200 \text{ GeV}$

Distribution of m_{ee} after full event selection and a fit to the dataLimit on $\sigma(pp \rightarrow H^{\pm\pm} H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow eee)$ with the assumption $BR(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow ee) = 50\%$

Conclusions

- Current status of the heavy Higgs searches have been reviewed
- Most of the analysis have been published with half of luminosity collected in 2016 ($< 16 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)
- ATLAS has many more results in heavy searches!
 - ATLAS heavy Higgs results
- No excesses over SM have been found, we need to wait :)
- Analysis with full 2016 data are in process
 - Get ready for updates in next months!
- Also, data-taking of 2017 have started, ATLAS have collected almost 5 fb^{-1} already!



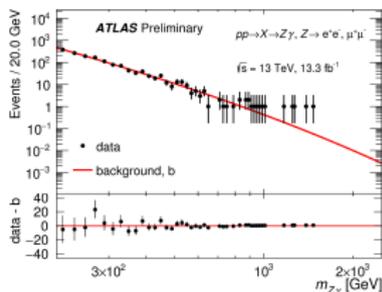
Conclusions

Decay	Analysis	Code	L (fb ⁻¹)	Date
Bosonic	$A \rightarrow Zh$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-015	3.2	16/03/2016
	$H \rightarrow WWtol\nu qq$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-062	13.2	03/08/2016
	$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-044	13.3	03/08/2016
	$H \rightarrow Zll + et$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-056	13.3	03/08/2016
	$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-074	13.2	04/08/2016
	$H \rightarrow ZV \rightarrow llqq/\nu\nu qq$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-082	13.2	04/08/2016
	$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-079	15.8	04/08/2016
	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-059	15.4	05/08/2016
Fermionic	$A/H \rightarrow tt$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-073	20.3*	03/08/2016
	$A/H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-085	13.3	04/08/2016
	$A/H \rightarrow \tau\nu$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-104	13.2	28/09/2016
Charged	$H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-088	13.2	04/08/2016
	$H^\pm \rightarrow tb$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-089	13.2	09/08/2016
	$H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow ee$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-051	13.9	03/08/2016
Di-higgs	$H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-004	3.2	14/03/2016
	$H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow bbbb$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-049	13.2	03/08/2016
	$H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow WW\gamma\gamma$	ATLAS-CONF-2016-071	13.3	04/08/2016

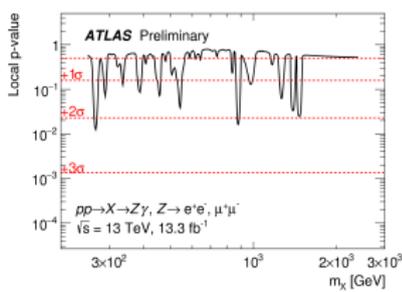
* taken in Run 1 at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ GeV

Backup

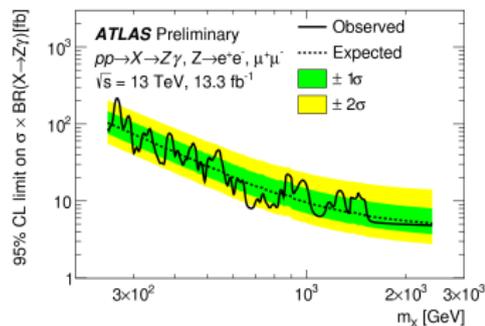
- $Z\gamma$ decay in 250-2400 GeV
- Z decays leptonically (e or μ) and a photon, due to easy measurement in low background
- The two jets are boosted, so they can be reconstructed as a single jet (J)
- Main event selection:
 - Z candidate with two OS leptons and $m_{\ell\ell} \sim 15\%m_Z$
 - $p_T^\gamma > 30\%m_Z\gamma$
 - Two categories according to lepton flavour



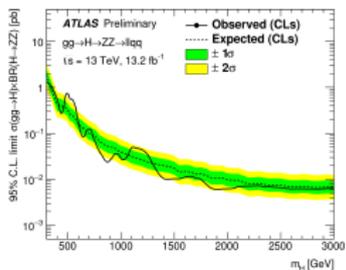
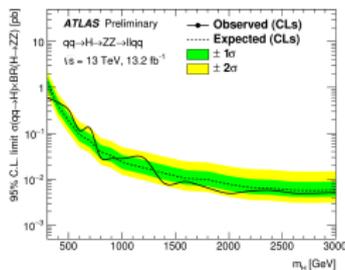
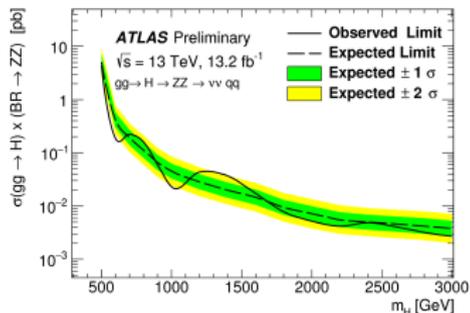
Combined SR



p-value plot

Exclusion limit on $\sigma \times BR(X \rightarrow Z\gamma)$

- Decays of ZZ and ZW resonances in $llqq$ and $\nu\nu qq'$ final states
- $ZV \rightarrow llqq$
 - Uses both boosted and resolved V decay
 - Final discriminant is the invariant mass
- $ZV \rightarrow \nu\nu qq$
 - Uses only resolved reconstruction of V decay
 - Final discriminant is the transverse mass (m_T)

 $H \rightarrow ZV \rightarrow llqq \text{ ggF}$  $H \rightarrow ZV \rightarrow llqq \text{ VBF}$  $H \rightarrow ZV \rightarrow \nu\nu qq$

- $H \rightarrow Z(\rightarrow \ell\ell)Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu)$ in mass range 300-1000 GeV

- Discriminant m_T^{ZZ} , defined as:

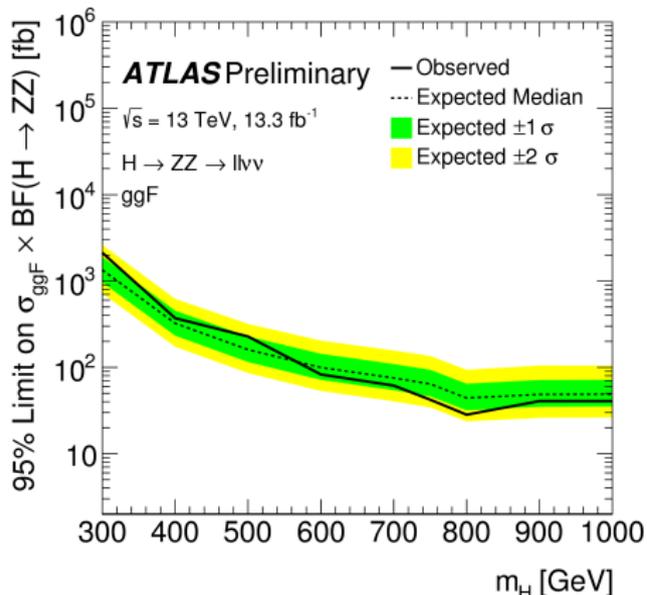
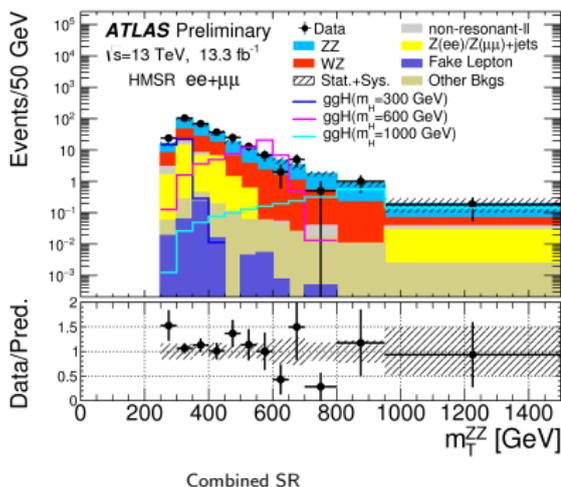
- Main event selection:

- Two OS SF leptons and $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 120$ GeV

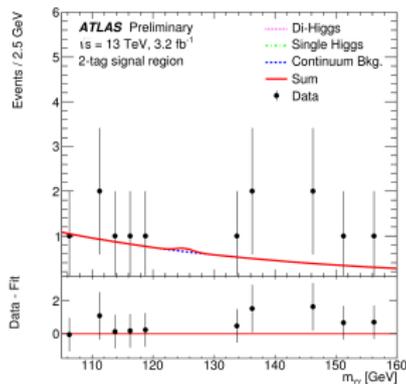
- $\Delta R_{\ell\ell} < 1.8$, $\Delta\phi(Z, E_T^{\text{miss}}) < 2.7$

- Cuts in transverse variables of E_T^{miss} -jet and E_T^{miss} -Z systems

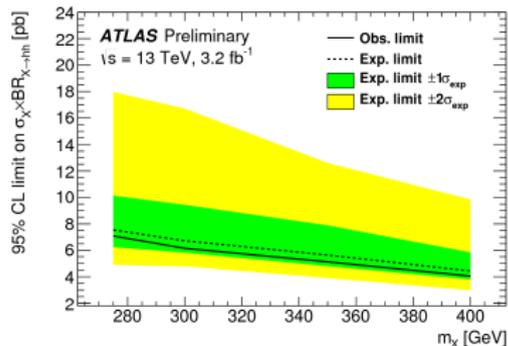
$$m_T^{ZZ} \equiv \left(\sqrt{m_Z^2 + |\vec{p}_{\ell\ell}|^2} + \sqrt{m_Z^2 + |E_T^{\text{miss}}|^2} \right)^2 - \left| \vec{p}_{\ell\ell} + \vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}} \right|^2$$



- $bb\gamma\gamma$ final state benefits from large BR from bb pair and clean diphoton signal
- However, because of the BR of $\gamma\gamma$ the mass range is limited from 275-400 GeV
- Main event selection
 - Two isolated photons with $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ in range 105-160 GeV, two b -jets with m_{bb} in range 95-135 GeV
 - CR: Two non- b -tagged jets to estimate continuum background
 - Additional criteria: Crystal Ball fit to $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ to constrain $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ range and linear parametrization to account for resonances not simulated

Distribution of $m_{\gamma\gamma}$

after full event selection and a fit to the data

Excl. limit as a function of m_x on $\sigma_x \times BR(x \rightarrow hh)$
for a narrow resonanceNot enough statistics to exclude the modest excess in Run 1: 3.0σ local (2.1σ global) at 300 GeV

- Search for heavy Higgs decaying to pair of SM Higgs via $H \rightarrow hh$ and final state $bbbb$
- Two strategies: resolved and boosted
- Resolved analysis: Two h candidates with low p_T : separated decay objects
 - Two pairs of two b -jets, $m_{bb} \sim h$
 - Angular conditions on the pairing of b -jets to form h candidates
 - Mass range between 300 and 1200 GeV
- Boosted analysis: h candidates with high p_T : decay objects merged in large jet
 - Two large- R jets (anti- k_t with $R = 1$)
 - Candidates: $p_T > (450 \text{ GeV}, 250 \text{ GeV})$, $|\eta| < 2.0$ and $m_J > 50 \text{ GeV}$
 - Central jets: $|\Delta\eta_{hh}| < 1.7$
 - Each large- R jet needs at least one b -tagged $R = 0.2$ track jet.