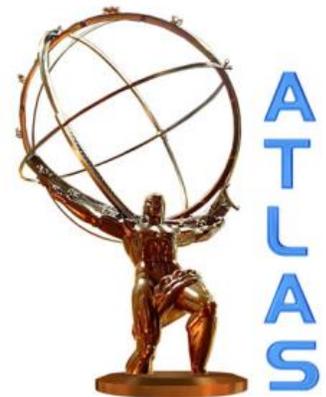


Searches for electroweak production of supersymmetric gauginos and sleptons with the ATLAS detector

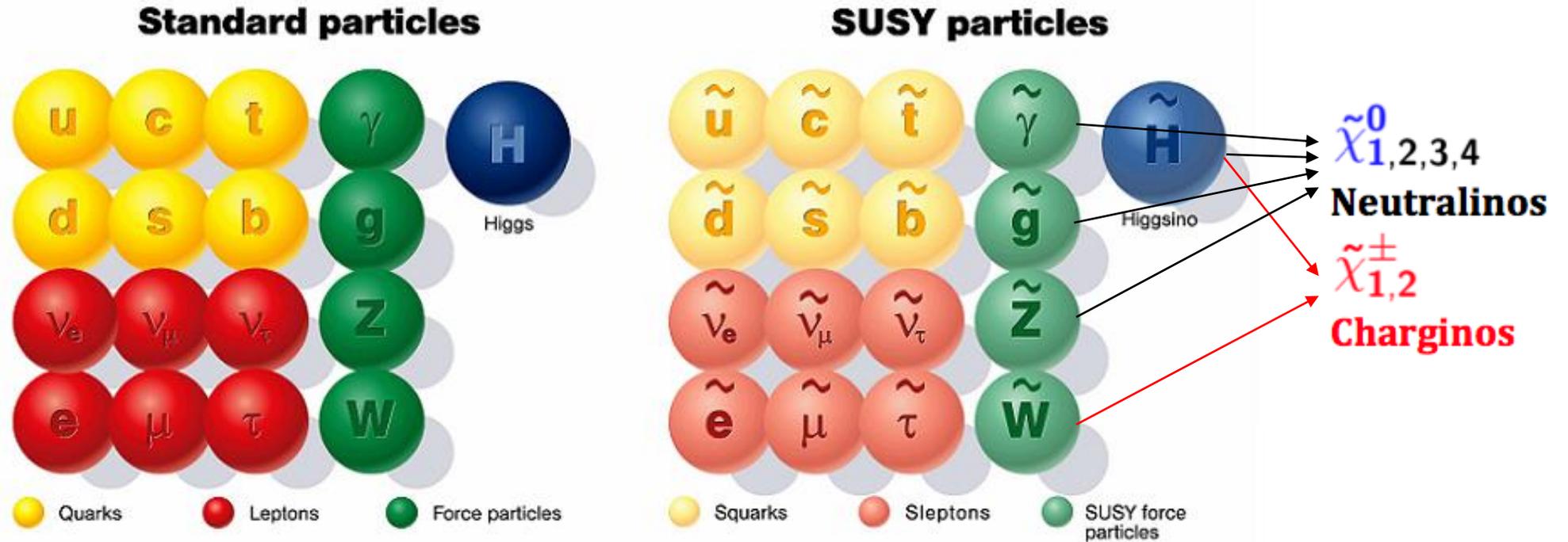
Huajie Cheng [IHEP, CAS]
On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

QFTHEP2017, June 26 – July 3, 2017
Yaroslavl, Russia



中国科学院高能物理研究所
Institute of High Energy Physics Chinese Academy of Sciences

Introduction

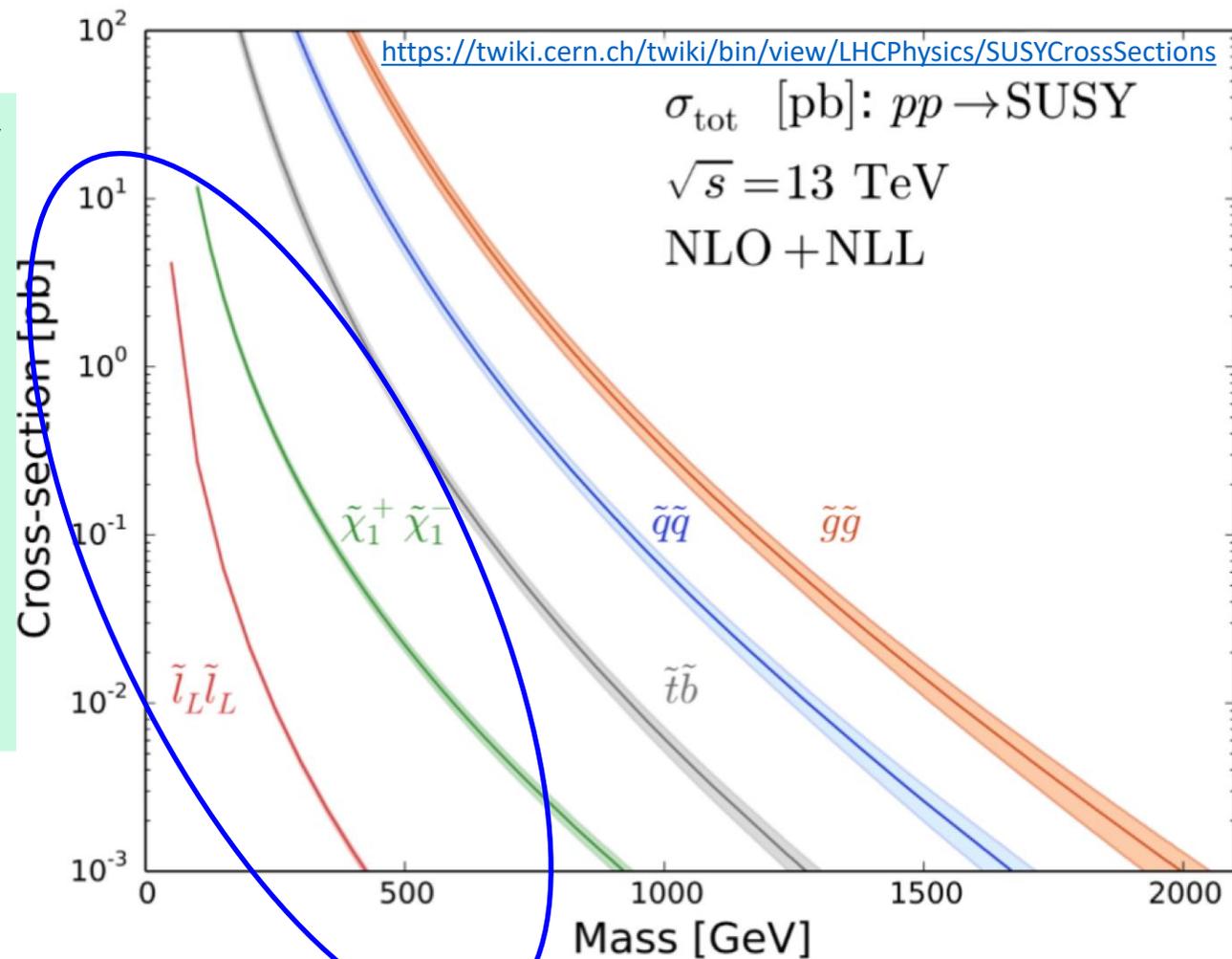


- ◆ The Super-SYmmetry is a well motivated and favored extension of the Standard Model (SM):
 - solves hierarchy problem, grand unification issue, dark matter candidate...
- ◆ This talk will focus on the electroweak SUSY searches performed by ATLAS @13TeV.

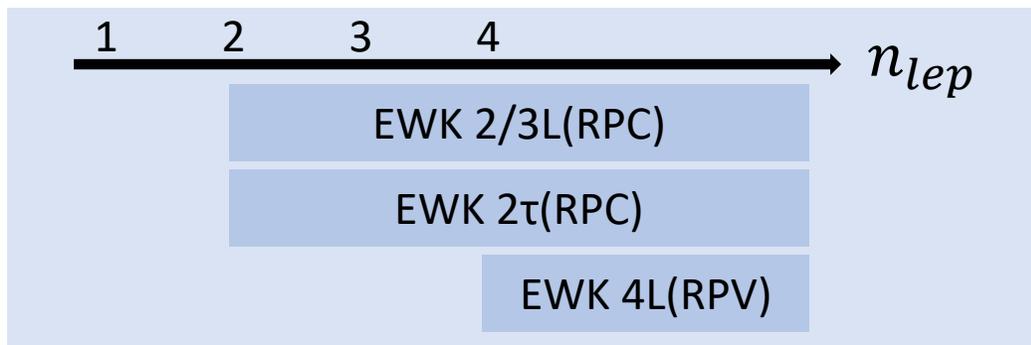
Motivation

- ◆ If the coloured sparticles are too heavy for LHC, electroweak productions will be dominant.
- ◆ Smaller cross sections, limits are less stringent, and motivated by naturalness.
- ◆ Multi lepton final states make it easier to suppress the SM background.

Why EWK SUSY?



Common strategy



- Analyses target final states with **different lepton multiplicities**.
- Interpretation is usually performed with simplified SUSY models.
- An analysis can probe several models.
- Scenarios with R-parity-conserving (RPC) and R-parity-violating (RPV) decays are both being examined.

$$R_p = (-1)^{3(B-L)+2S}$$

- ◆ SUSY searches rely on accurate modelling of the Standard Model backgrounds

Control/validation regions (CR/VR) are defined to study the background modeling

- ◆ Discriminating variables are used to separate signals from backgrounds:

Object counting, momenta, energies

e.g. $N_{jet,bjet,l,r}, p_T$

Scale variables, event-wise variables

e.g. $H_T = \sum P_T, E_T^{miss}, m_{eff} = \sum P_T + E_T^{miss}$

Angular variables

e.g. $\Delta\phi(jet, E_T^{miss}), \Delta R(l, l)$

Mass variables

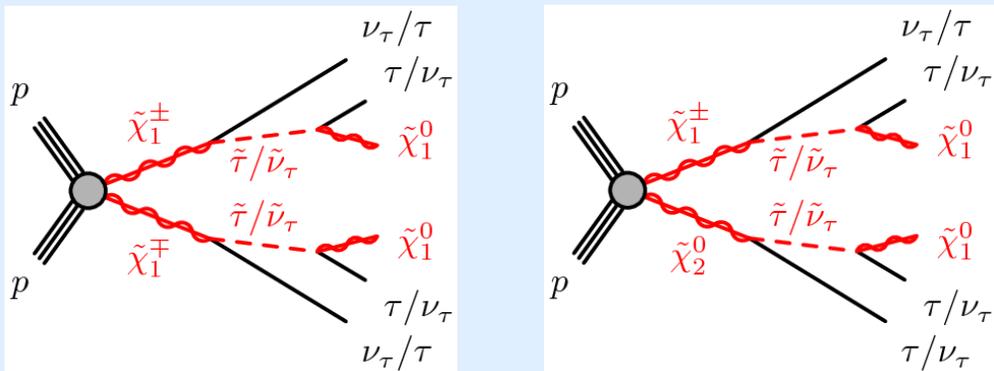
e.g. $m_{ll}, m_T(1, E_T^{miss})$

Hypothesis based event variables

e.g. m_{T2}

complexity

Signal Processes



2τ (RPC)

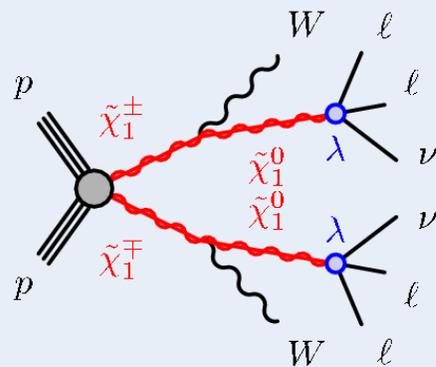
[ATLAS-CONF-2017-035](#)

Simplified model

BR=100% for the targeted decay

$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ (C1)/ $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ (N2) and $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (N1) masses as free parameters

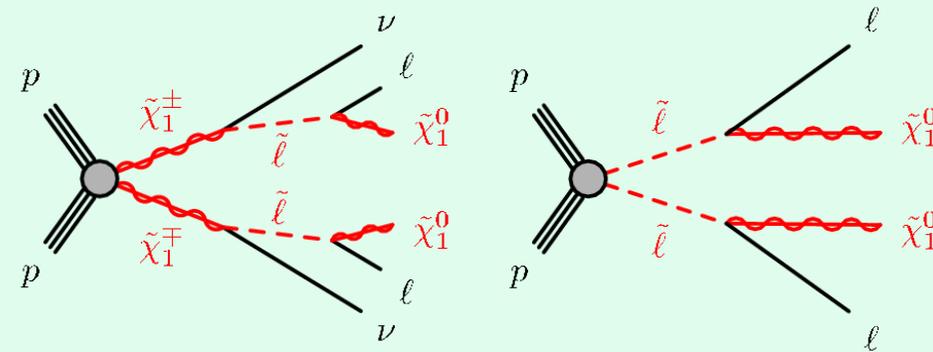
$$m_{\tilde{l}_L/\tilde{\tau}_L/\tilde{\nu}} = 0.5(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_3^0})$$



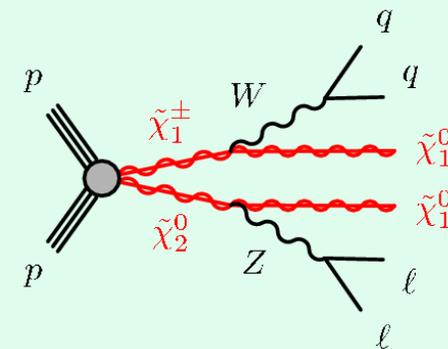
4l (RPV)

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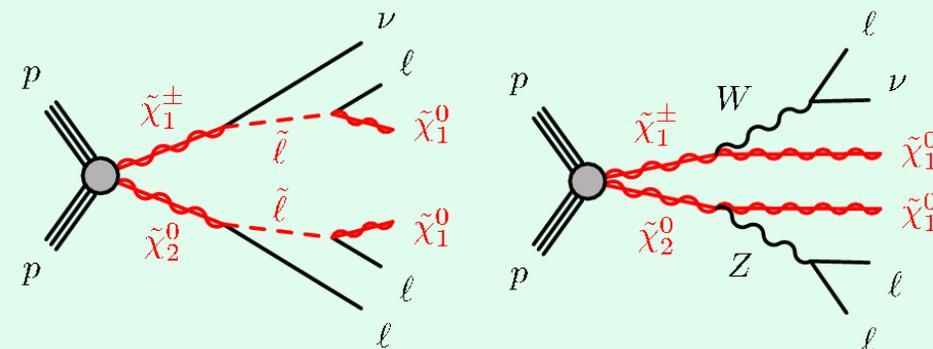
2l + 0jets



2l + jets



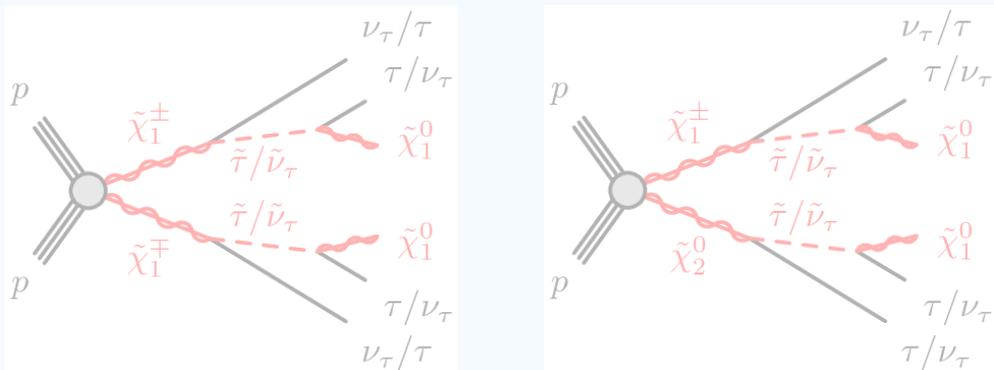
3l



2/3l (RPC)

[ATLAS-CONF-2017-039](#)

Signal Processes



2τ (RPC)

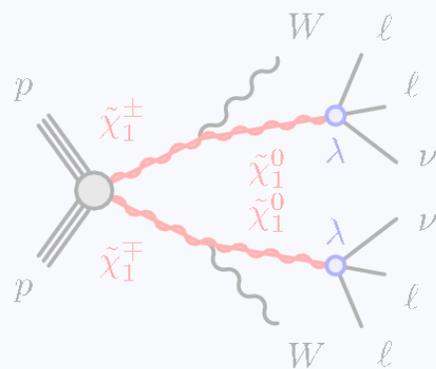
[ATLAS-CONF-2017-035](#)

Simplified model

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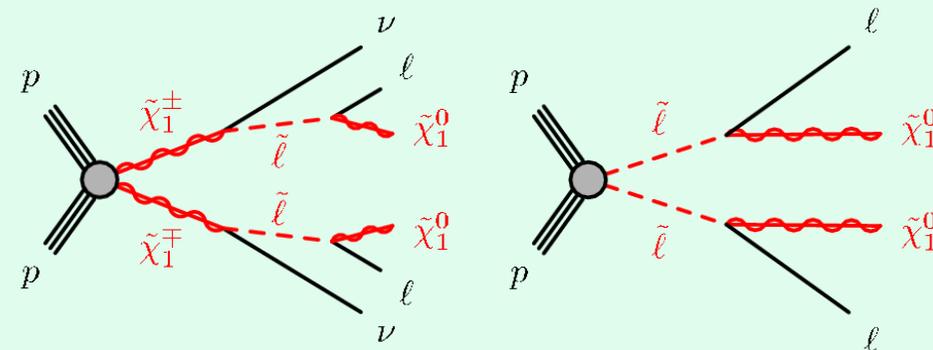
$$m_{\tilde{l}_L/\tilde{\tau}_L/\tilde{\nu}} = 0.5(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_3^0})$$



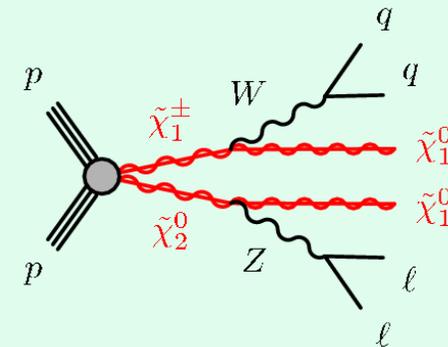
4l (RPV)

[ATLAS-CONF-2016-075](#)

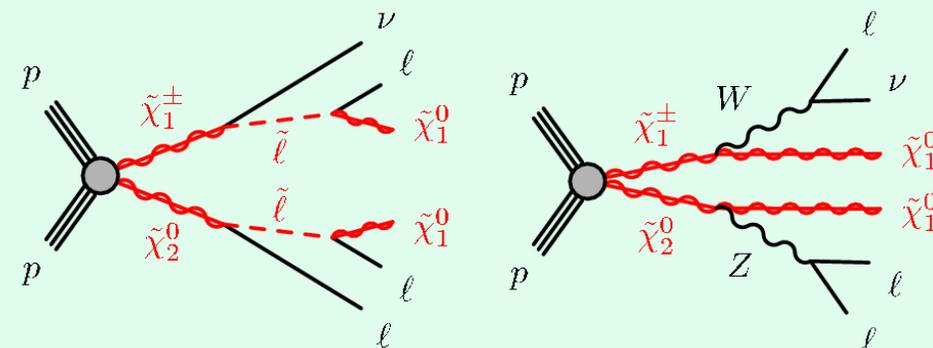
2l + 0jets



2l + jets



3l

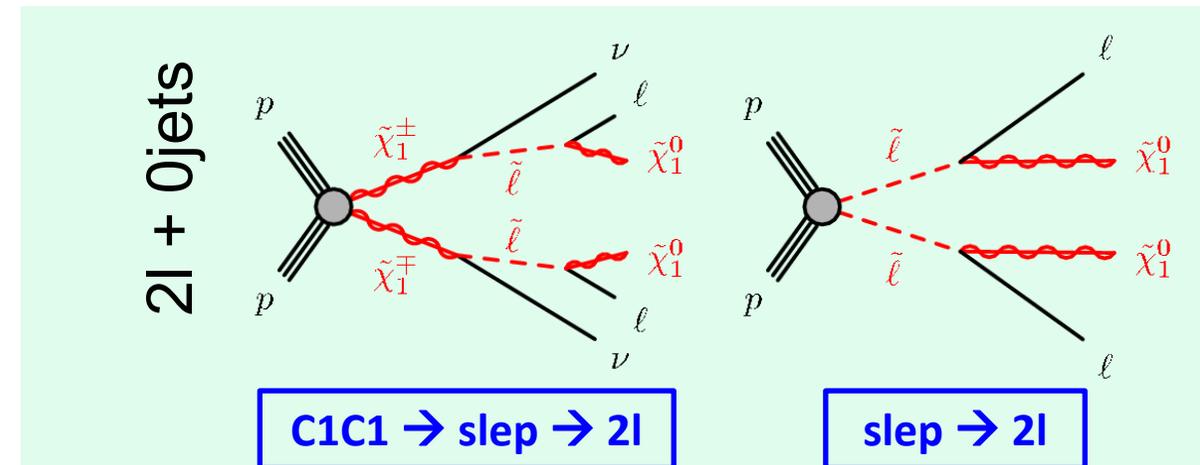


2/3l (RPC)

[ATLAS-CONF-2017-039](#)

2/3L: Signal Regions 2l+0jets

2l+0jets binned signal region definitions			
m_{T2} [GeV]	$m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	SF bin	DF bin
100-150	111-150	SR2-SF-a	SR2-DF-a
	150-200	SR2-SF-b	
	200-300	SR2-SF-c	
	> 300	SR2-SF-d	
150-200	111-150	SR2-SF-e	SR2-DF-b
	150-200	SR2-SF-f	
	200-300	SR2-SF-g	
	> 300	SR2-SF-h	
200-300	111-150	SR2-SF-i	SR2-DF-c
	150-200	SR2-SF-j	
	200-300	SR2-SF-k	
	> 300	SR2-SF-l	
> 300	> 111	SR2-SF-m	SR2-DF-d
2l+0jets inclusive signal region definitions			
> 100	> 111	SR2-SF-loose	-
> 130	> 300	SR2-SF-tight	-
> 100	-	-	SR2-DF-100
> 150	-	-	SR2-DF-150
> 200	-	-	SR2-DF-200
> 300	-	-	SR2-DF-300



- Signature: 2 opposite-sign (OS) leptons, 0 jet, large E_T^{miss} .
- SRs defined for same-flavor (SF) and different-flavor (DF) separately, further binned in transverse mass (m_{T2}) and invariant mass ($m_{\ell\ell}$, only for SF) after preselection on $m_{\ell\ell}$ and a jet veto.

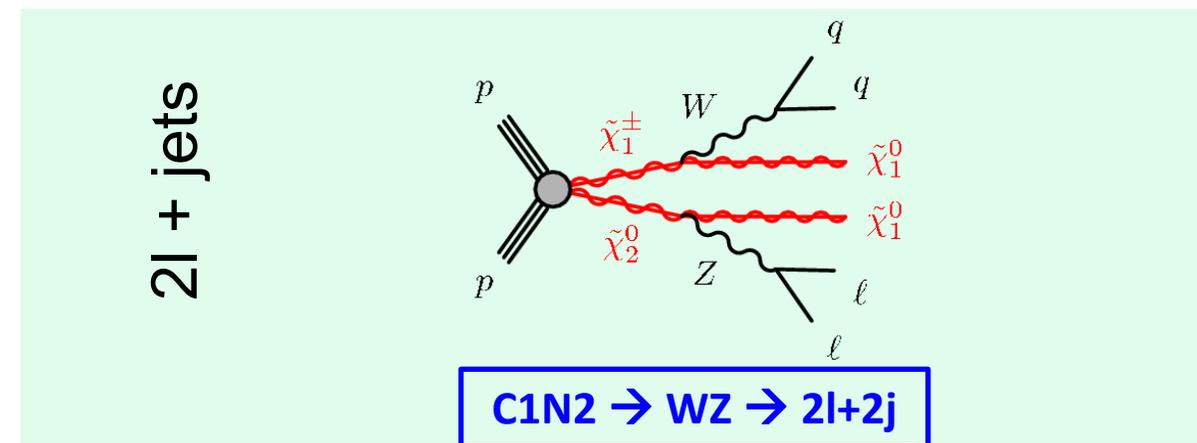
$$m_{T2} = \min_{\mathbf{q}_T} \left[\max \left(m_T(\mathbf{p}_T^{\ell 1}, \mathbf{q}_T), m_T(\mathbf{p}_T^{\ell 2}, \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{miss}} - \mathbf{q}_T) \right) \right]$$

$$m_T(\mathbf{p}_T, \mathbf{q}_T) = \sqrt{2(p_T q_T - \mathbf{p}_T \cdot \mathbf{q}_T)}$$

2/3L: Signal Regions 2l+jets

	Main selections
SR2-int	≥ 2 jets, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150\text{GeV}$
SR2-high	≥ 2 jets, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 250\text{GeV}$
SR2-low-2J	2 jets, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 100\text{GeV}$, W recoiling against the Z+ E_T^{miss} system
SR2-low-3J	3-5 jets, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 100\text{GeV}$, ISR jets recoiling against the Z+W+ E_T^{miss} system

- Signature: 2 SFOS leptons, ≥ 2 non-b-tagged jets, large E_T^{miss} .
- Select events with 2 leptons from an on-shell Z boson and 2 jets from W boson.

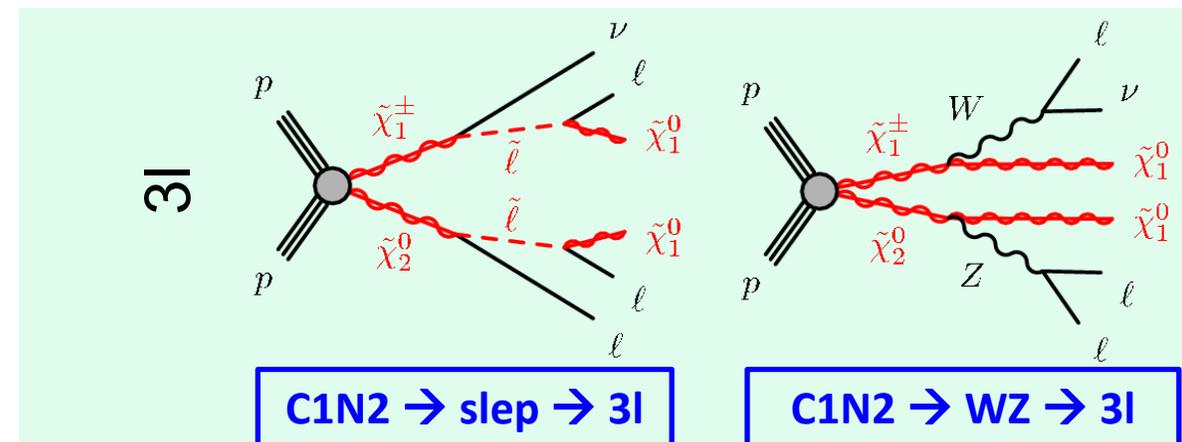


- Two inclusive SRs targeting **intermediate / large** mass splittings between C1/N2 and N1.
- Two orthogonal SRs for low mass splitting:
 - SR2-low-2J: assume 2 jets from **W boson**
 - SR2-low-3J: assume C1N2 recoils against **ISR jets**

3l SR definitions

SRs for slepton mediated	$ m_{\text{SFOS}} - m_Z > 10\text{GeV}$	binned in p_T^{l3}
SRs for gauge-boson mediated	$ m_{\text{SFOS}} - m_Z < 10\text{GeV}$	binned in $E_T^{\text{miss}}, p_T^{l3}, n_{\text{jet}}$ and m_T^{min}

- Signature: Exactly 3 leptons (2 SFOS leptons), 0 b-tagged jets, large E_T^{miss} .
- Two sets of SRs defined by m_{ll} to target **slepton** and **gauge-boson** mediated decays, further binned in $E_T^{\text{miss}}, p_T^{l3}, n_{\text{jet}}$ and m_T^{min} .



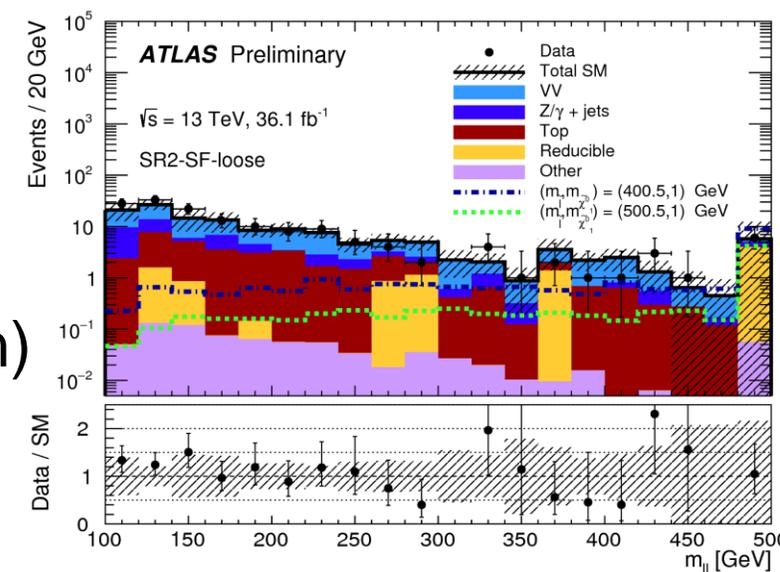
Background estimation summary			
Channel	2l+0jets	2l+jets	3l
Fake leptons	Matrix method (MM)		Fake factor method (FF)
$t\bar{t} + Wt$	CR	MC	FF
VV	CR	MC	CR (WZ-only)
Z/ γ +jets	MC	γ +jet template	FF
Higgs/ VVV/ top+V	MC		

Irreducible backgrounds: (prompt and real leptons)

- VV, Z/ γ +jets, $t\bar{t}$ dominant in 2l channels; small contributions from Higgs, VVV, top+V
- In general estimated from MC simulation, dominant backgrounds are normalized in dedicated CRs

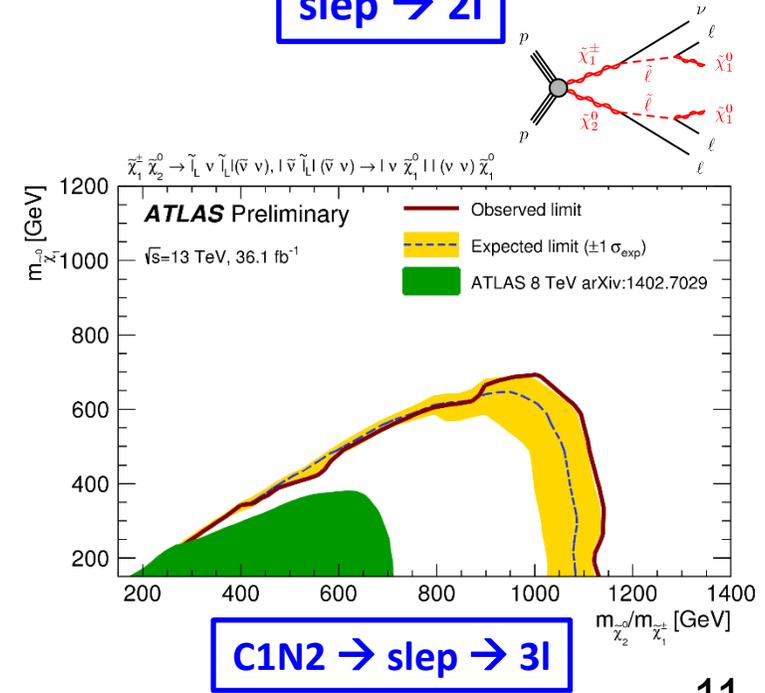
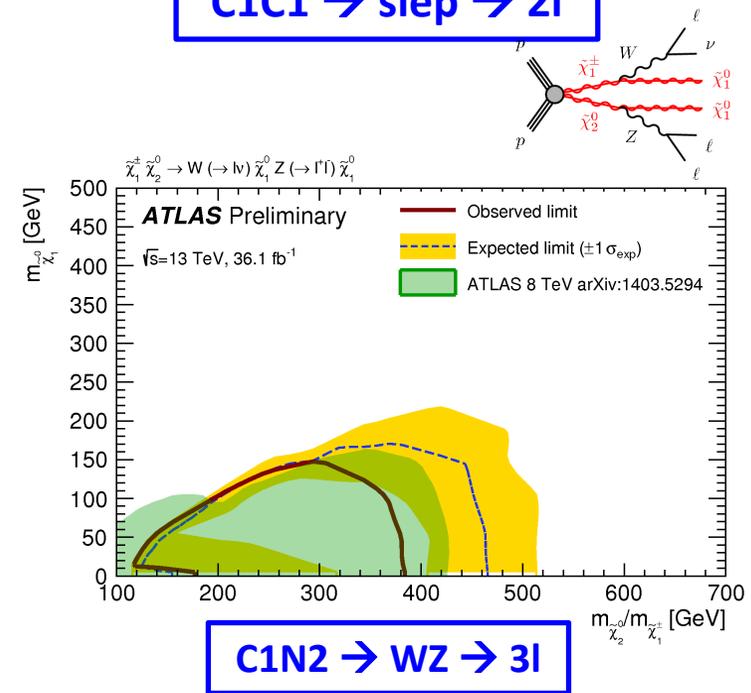
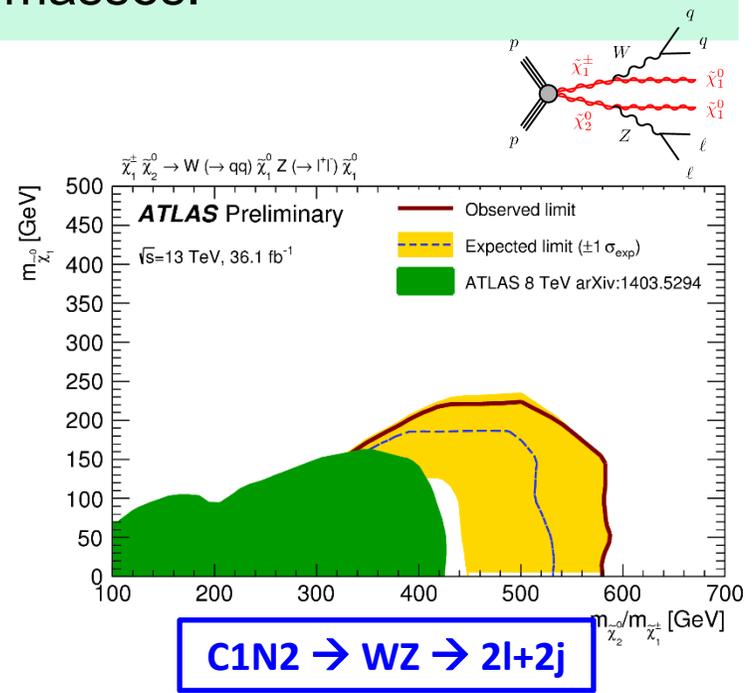
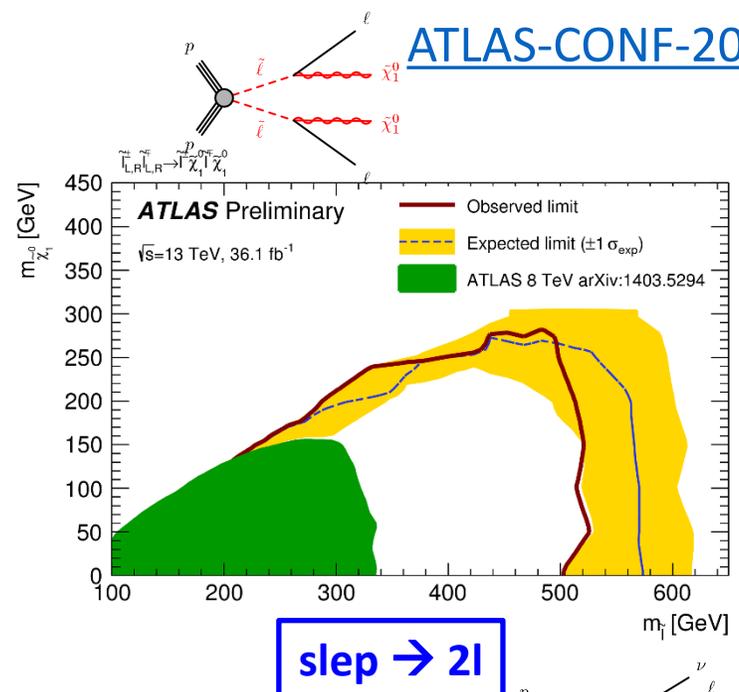
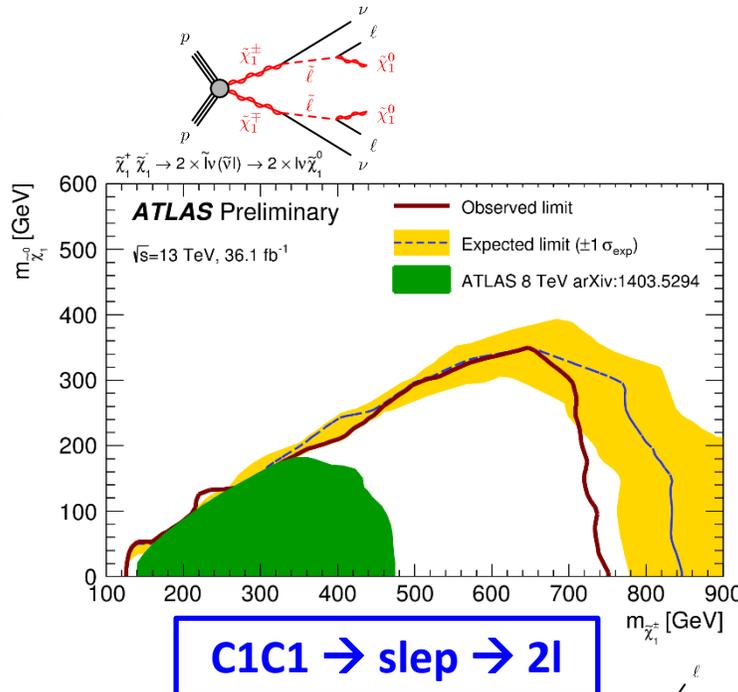
Reducible backgrounds: (≥ 1 fake or non-prompt lepton)

- Multi-jet, W+jets, single top for 2l channels
- Besides, Z+jets, $t\bar{t}$, WW are also reducible for 3l channel
- Estimated from data using “fake factor method”.

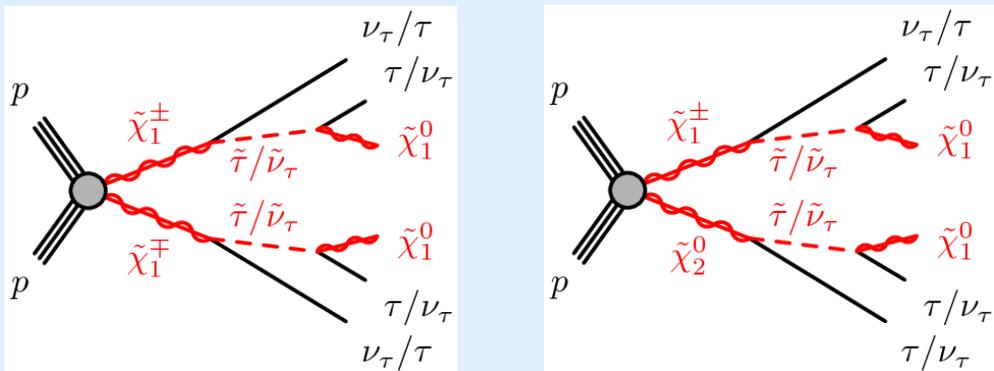


2/3L: Results

- No significant excess above SM predictions in any SRs.
- Extended the exclusion limit to higher C1/N2 and slepton masses.



Signal Processes



2τ (RPC)

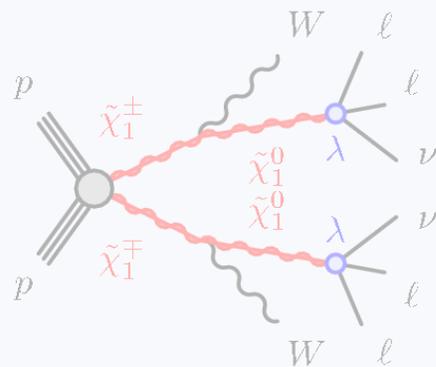
[ATLAS-CONF-2017-035](#)

Simplified model

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$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ (C1)/ $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ (N2) and $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (N1) masses as free parameters

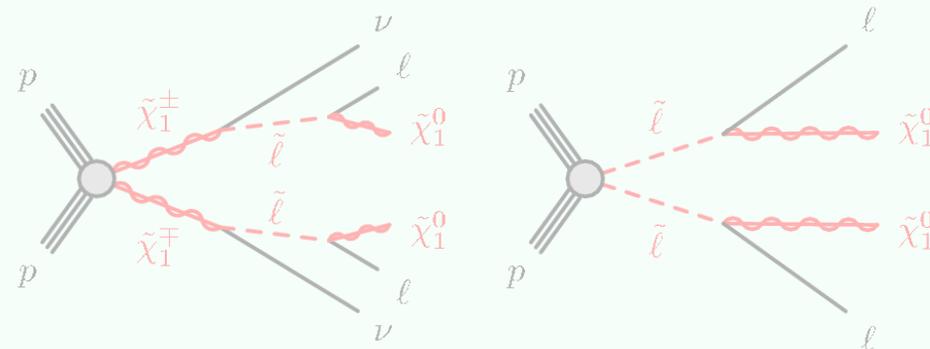
$$m_{\tilde{l}_L/\tilde{\tau}_L/\tilde{\nu}} = 0.5(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_3^0})$$



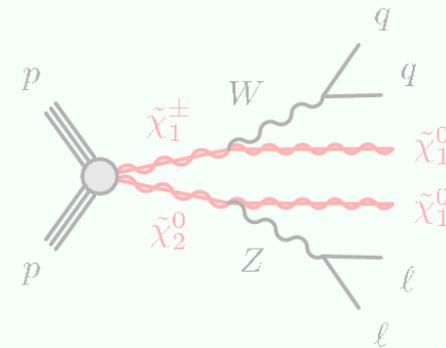
4l (RPV)

[ATLAS-CONF-2016-075](#)

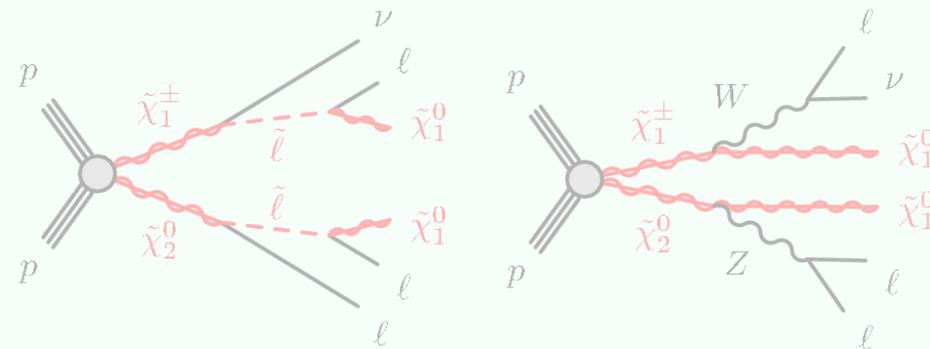
2l + 0jets



2l + jets



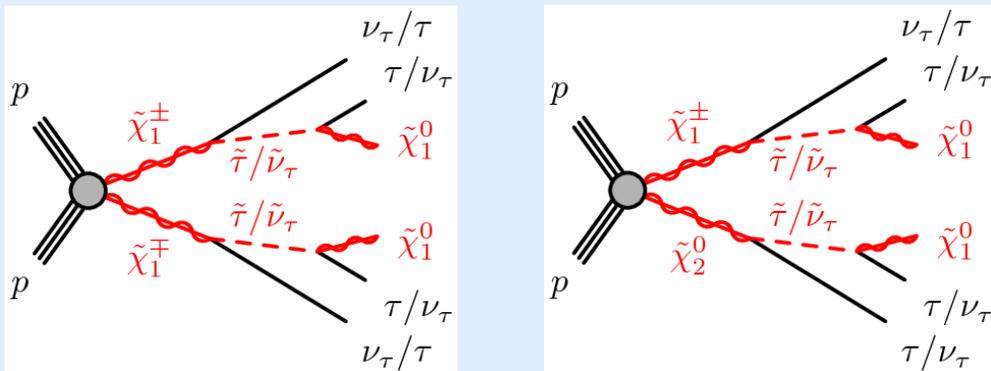
3l



2/3l (RPC)

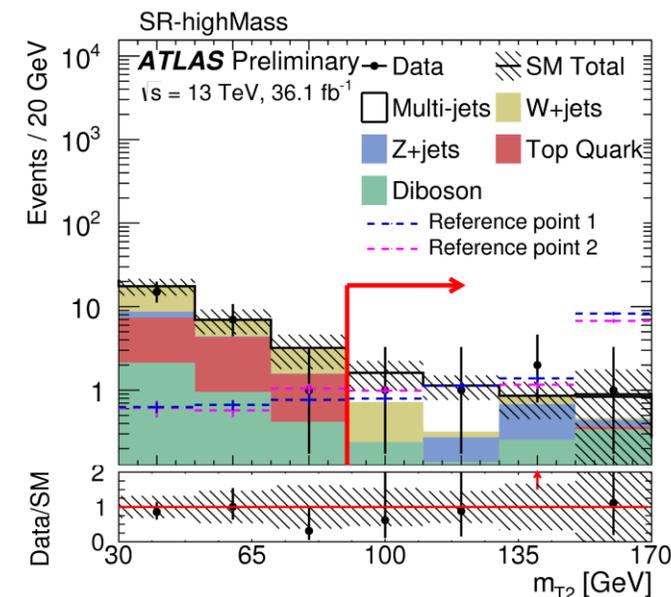
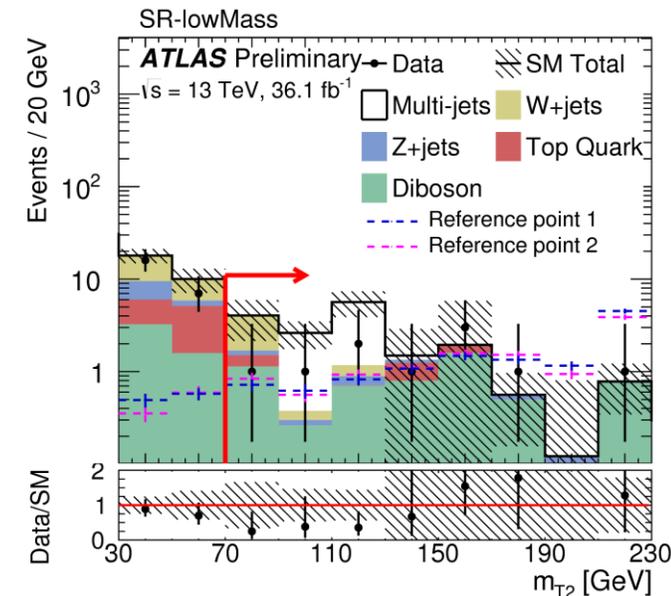
[ATLAS-CONF-2017-039](#)

2 τ : Signal Regions



- ❑ Signature: 2 OS hadronically decaying τ leptons, 0 b-tagged jet, large E_T^{miss} .
- ❑ Two SRs defined targeting **low** and **high** mass splittings between C1/N2 and N1.
- ❑ m_{T2} is the most powerful discriminating variable.

SR-lowMass	SR-highMass
≥ 2 medium τ	≥ 1 medium τ and 1 tight τ
$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150\text{GeV}, P_T^{\tau 1} > 50\text{GeV}$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 110\text{GeV}, P_T^{\tau 1} > 80\text{GeV}$
$m_{T2} > 70\text{GeV}$	$m_{T2} > 90\text{GeV}$



□ Irreducible backgrounds:

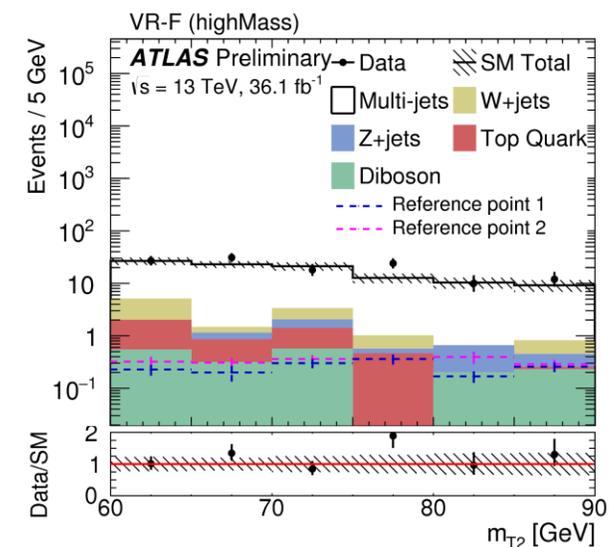
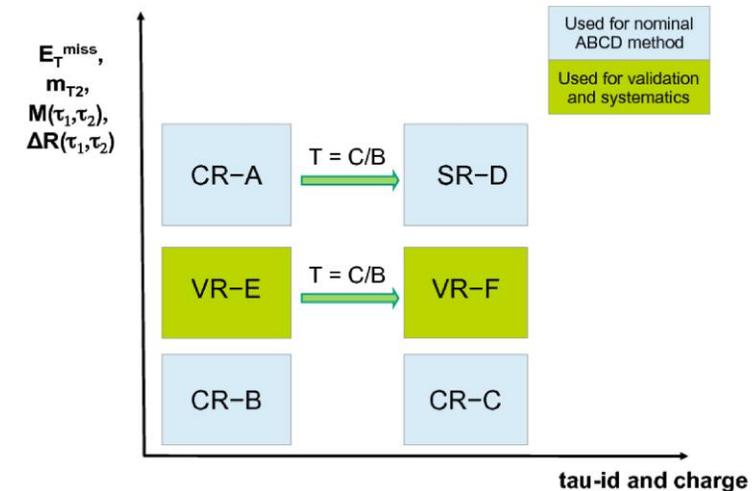
- VV, Z+jets, top ($t\bar{t}$, single top, $t\bar{t}V$).
- Estimated from MC simulation.

□ Reducible backgrounds:

- 1 fake τ : W+jets, estimated from MC + normalization factor from data.
- 2 fake τ : multi-jet, estimated from data using “ABCD method”.

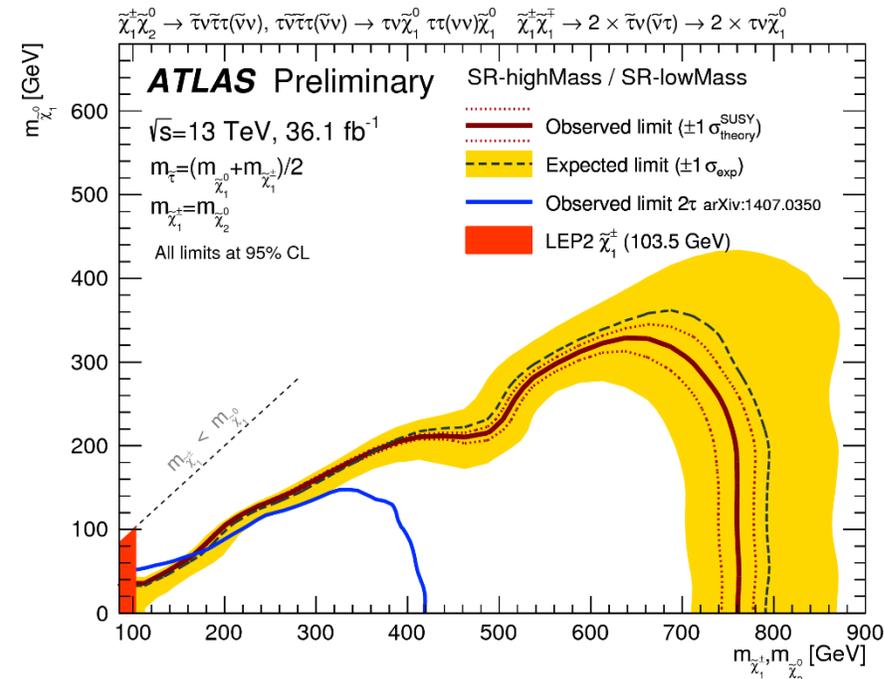
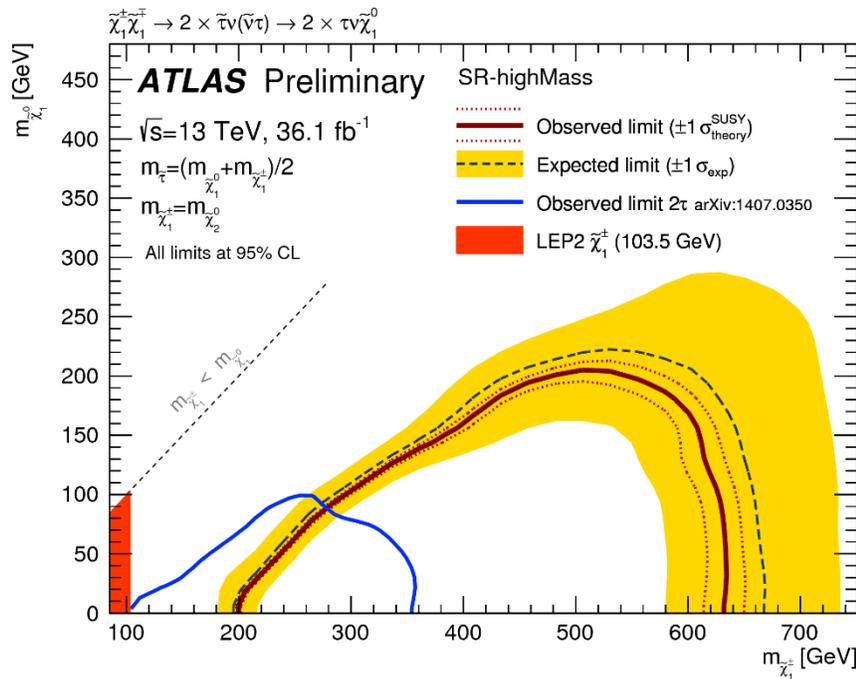
□ Validation:

- A dedicated VR is designed for each background to validate the estimation from data.

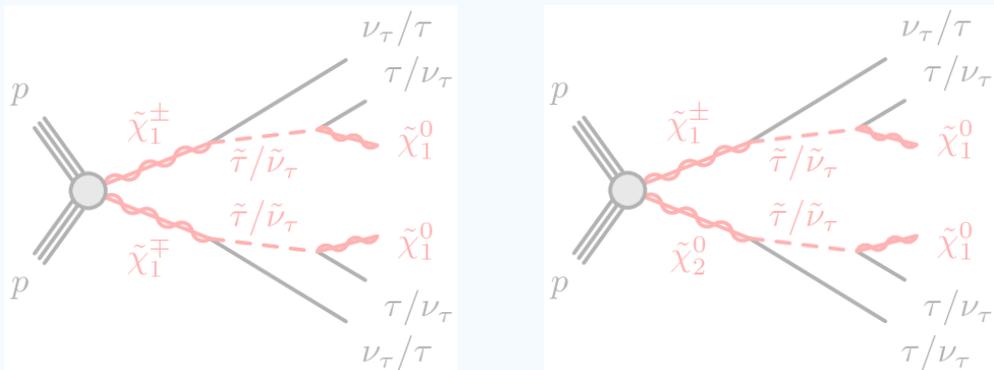


- ❑ No significant excess above SM predictions in any SRs.
- ❑ Extended the exclusion limit to higher C1/N2 and slepton masses.
- ❑ Limits on cross-section set for re-interpretation.

SM process	SR-lowMass	SR-highMass
diboson	5.9 ± 2.2	1.0 ± 0.8
W+jets	1.8 ± 1.1	0.7 ± 0.5
Top quark	1.2 ± 1.0	$0.03^{+0.26}_{-0.03}$
Z+jets	$0.6^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$	0.6 ± 0.5
multi-jet	4.3 ± 4.0	1.3 ± 1.1
SM total	14 ± 6	3.7 ± 1.4
Observed	10	5
Reference point 1	11.6 ± 2.6	11.8 ± 2.8
Reference point 2	10.0 ± 2.1	11.4 ± 2.6
p_0	0.5	0.3
Expected σ_{vis}^{95} [fb]	$0.31^{+0.12}_{-0.08}$	$0.17^{+0.08}_{-0.05}$
Observed σ_{vis}^{95} [fb]	0.26	0.20



Signal Processes



2τ (RPC)

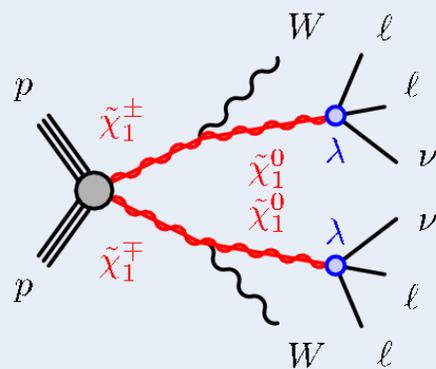
[ATLAS-CONF-2017-035](#)

Simplified model

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$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ (C1)/ $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ (N2) and $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (N1) masses as free parameters

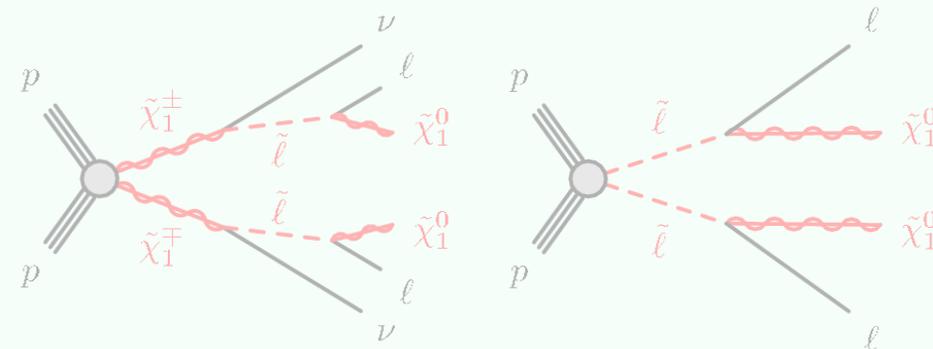
$$m_{\tilde{l}_L/\tilde{\tau}_L/\tilde{\nu}} = 0.5(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_3^0})$$



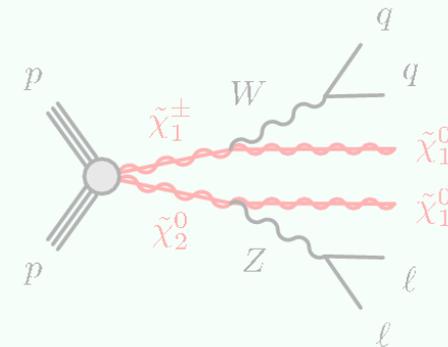
4l (RPV)

[ATLAS-CONF-2016-075](#)

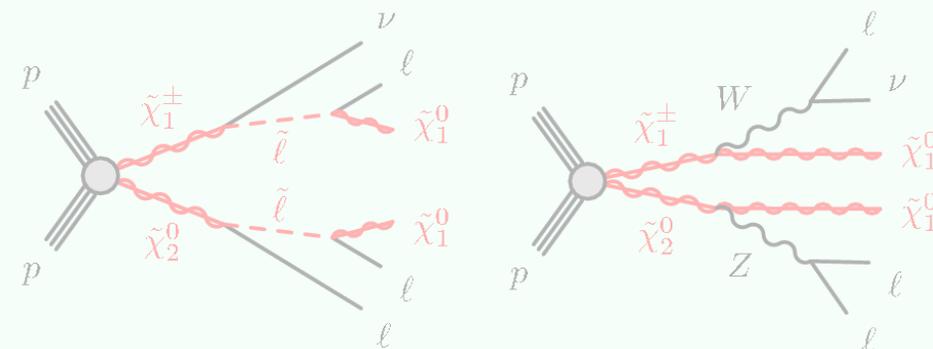
2l + 0jets



2l + jets



3l



2/3l (RPC)

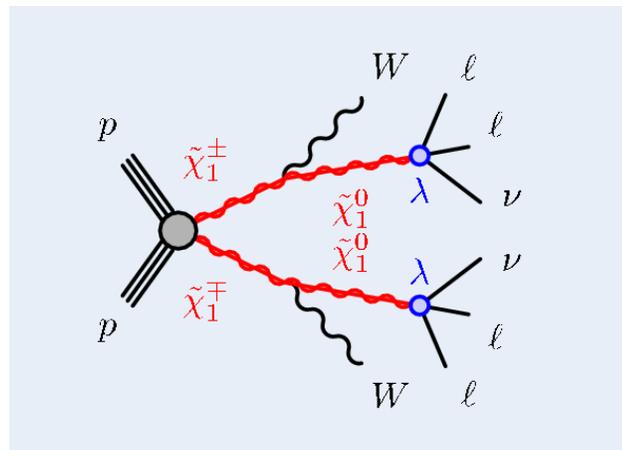
[ATLAS-CONF-2017-039](#)

- Signature: ≥ 4 leptons.
- SR defined based on m_{eff} after vetoing leptons from Z boson.

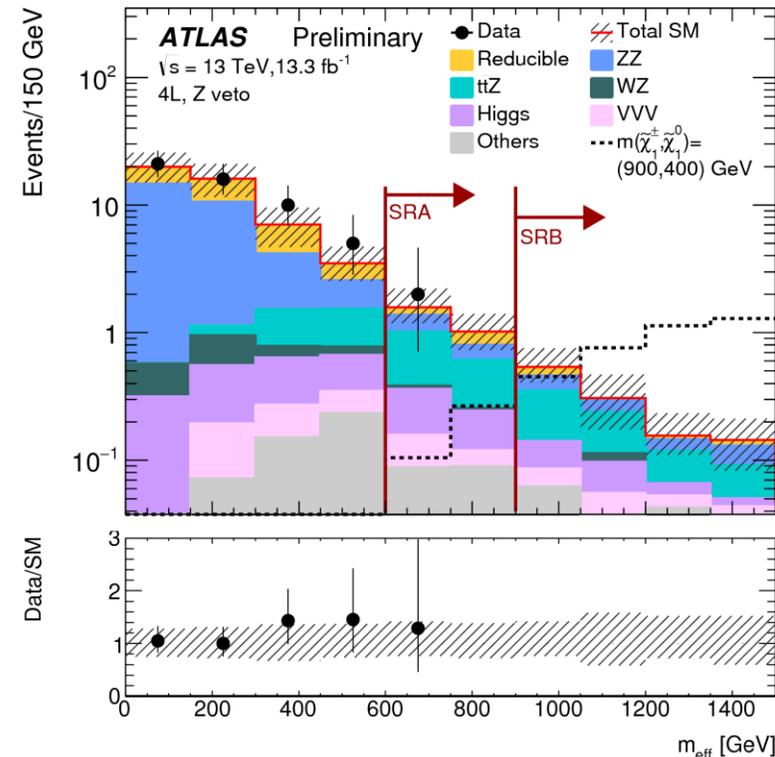
$$m_{eff} = E_T^{miss} + \sum_I p_T(l) + \sum_J [p_T(j)]_{>40GeV}$$

- Irreducible backgrounds:
 - ZZ, $t\bar{t}Z$, $t\bar{t}WZ$, VVZ, Higgs, $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$, $t\bar{t}tW$.
 - Estimated from MC simulation.
- Reducible backgrounds:
 - 1 fake lepton: WZ, WWW, $t\bar{t}W$: estimated from MC
 - 2 fake leptons: $t\bar{t}$, Z+jets: estimated from data using “fake factor method”

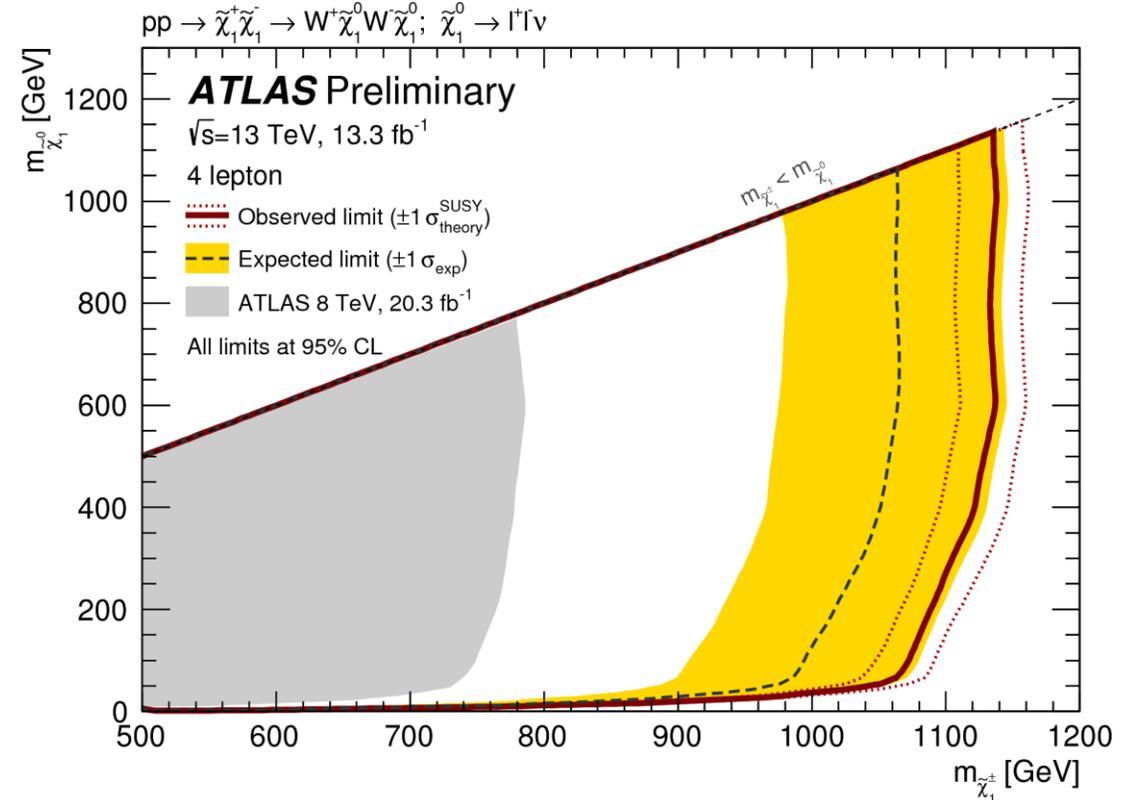
SRA	SRB
$N(e,\mu) \geq 4$	$N(e,\mu) \geq 4$
Z boson veto	Z boson veto
$m_{eff} > 600 GeV$	$m_{eff} > 900 GeV$



Assume $\frac{1}{2} \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{E}_k$ term violate
 → multi-lepton final states.



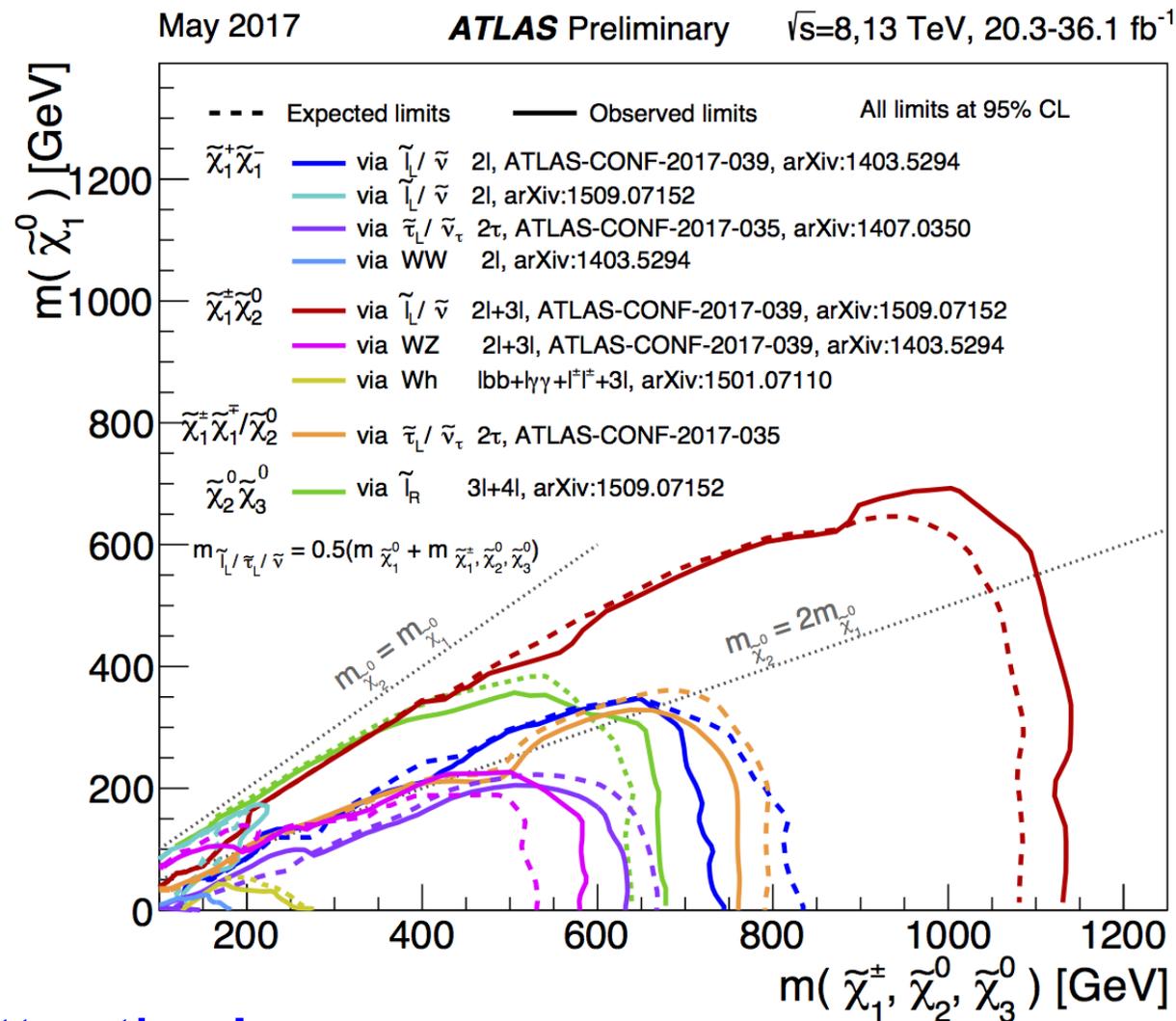
Sample	VR	SRA	SRB
Irreducible			
ZZ	29 ± 5	0.6 ± 0.4	0.20 ± 0.19
$t\bar{t}Z$	2.05 ± 0.24	1.43 ± 0.23	0.47 ± 0.09
Higgs	1.7 ± 1.4	0.4 ± 0.4	0.11 ± 0.11
VVZ	0.72 ± 0.14	0.31 ± 0.06	0.123 ± 0.027
Others	0.28 ± 0.07	0.32 ± 0.04	0.181 ± 0.022
1-fake ℓ reducible	1.14 ± 0.07	0.168 ± 0.018	0.069 ± 0.014
2-fake ℓ reducible	16 ± 6	0.48 ± 0.24	0.11 ± 0.05
Σ SM	51 ± 6	3.6 ± 0.6	1.26 ± 0.26
Data	53	2	0
p_0	—	0.64	0.80
S_{obs}^{95}	—	4.3	3.0
S_{exp}^{95}	—	$5.4^{+1.6}_{-1.3}$	$3.8^{+1.3}_{-0.8}$
$\langle \epsilon\sigma \rangle_{obs}^{95}$ [fb]	—	0.32	0.22
CL_b	—	0.21	0.15



- ◆ No significant excess beyond SM expectations.
- ◆ Exclusion limits are extended to higher C1 mass as well as lower N1 mass.
- ◆ Model-independent cross-section limits are also derived.

Summary

- Three SUSY searches for electroweak productions using 13TeV datasets are presented.
- No discovery yet.
- Exclusion limits on gaugino/slepton masses have been largely extended.
- More studies with full 2015+2016 dataset and new results targeting compressed region are coming -- stay tuned!



Thank you for your attention!

Backup

SR definitions: 2/3L

2ℓ+0jets binned signal region definitions			
m_{T2} [GeV]	$m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	SF bin	DF bin
100-150	111-150	SR2-SF-a	SR2-DF-a
	150-200	SR2-SF-b	
	200-300	SR2-SF-c	
	> 300	SR2-SF-d	
150-200	111-150	SR2-SF-e	SR2-DF-b
	150-200	SR2-SF-f	
	200-300	SR2-SF-g	
	> 300	SR2-SF-h	
200-300	111-150	SR2-SF-i	SR2-DF-c
	150-200	SR2-SF-j	
	200-300	SR2-SF-k	
	> 300	SR2-SF-l	
> 300	> 111	SR2-SF-m	SR2-DF-d
2ℓ+0jets inclusive signal region definitions			
> 100	> 111	SR2-SF-loose	-
> 130	> 300	SR2-SF-tight	-
> 100	-	-	SR2-DF-100
> 150	-	-	SR2-DF-150
> 200	-	-	SR2-DF-200
> 300	-	-	SR2-DF-300

2ℓ+jets signal region definitions				
	SR2-int	SR2-high	SR2-low-2J	SR2-low-3J
$n_{\text{non-b-tagged jets}}$	≥ 2		2	3-5
$m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	81-101		81-101	86-96
m_{jj} [GeV]	70-100		70-90	70-90
E_T^{miss} [GeV]	>150 > 250		>100	>100
p_T^Z [GeV]	>80		> 60	> 40
p_T^W [GeV]	>100			
m_{T2} [GeV]	>100			
$\Delta R_{(jj)}$	<1.5			<2.2
$\Delta R_{(\ell\ell)}$	<1.8			
$\Delta\phi_{(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, Z)}$			< 0.8	
$\Delta\phi_{(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, W)}$	0.5-3.0		> 1.5	< 2.2
E_T^{miss}/p_T^Z			0.6 – 1.6	
E_T^{miss}/p_T^W			< 0.8	
$\Delta\phi_{(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{ISR})}$				> 2.4
$\Delta\phi_{(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{jet1})}$				> 2.6
$E_T^{\text{miss}}/\text{ISR}$				0.4-0.8
$ \eta(Z) $				< 1.6
p_T^{jet3} [GeV]				> 30

3ℓ binned signal region definitions							
m_{SFOS} [GeV]	E_T^{miss} [GeV]	$p_T^{\ell 3}$ [GeV]	$n_{\text{non-b-tagged jets}}$	m_T^{min} [GeV]	$p_T^{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	p_T^{jet1} [GeV]	Bins
<81.2	> 130	20-30 > 30		> 110			SR3-slep-a SR3-slep-b
>101.2	> 130	20-50 50-80 > 80		> 110			SR3-slep-c SR3-slep-d SR3-slep-e
81.2-101.2	60-120 120-170 > 170		0	> 110			SR3-WZ-0Ja SR3-WZ-0Jb SR3-WZ-0Jc
81.2-101.2	120-200 > 200	> 35	≥ 1	> 110 110-160 > 160	< 120	> 70	SR3-WZ-1Ja SR3-WZ-1Jb SR3-WZ-1Jc

SR definitions: 2τ and $4L$

2τ

SR-lowMass	SR-highMass	
at least one opposite sign tau pair		
<i>b</i> -jet veto		
<i>Z</i> -veto		
at least two medium tau candidates	at least one medium and one tight tau candidates	
$m_{T2} > 70$ GeV	$m(\tau_1, \tau_2) > 110$ GeV	
di-tau+ E_T^{miss} trigger	$m_{T2} > 90$ GeV	
$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150$ GeV	di-tau+ E_T^{miss} trigger	asymmetric di-tau trigger
$p_{T,\tau_1} > 50$ GeV	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150$ GeV	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 110$ GeV
$p_{T,\tau_2} > 40$ GeV	$p_{T,\tau_1} > 80$ GeV	$p_{T,\tau_1} > 95$ GeV
	$p_{T,\tau_2} > 40$ GeV	$p_{T,\tau_2} > 65$ GeV

$4L$

Sample	$N(e, \mu)$ signal	$N(e, \mu)$ loose	Z boson	m_{eff} [GeV]
SRA	≥ 4	≥ 0	veto	> 600
CR-SRA	$= 2$	≥ 2	veto	> 600
SRB	≥ 4	≥ 0	veto	> 900
CR-SRB	$= 2$	≥ 2	veto	> 900
VR	≥ 4	≥ 0	veto	< 600
CR-VR	$= 2$	≥ 2	veto	< 600