



Prompt photon production at HERA in the kt-factorization approach

S.P. Baranov¹, A.V. Lipatov², N.P. Zotov²

1 — Lebedev Physical Institute, Moscow, Russia

2 — SINP MSU, Moscow, Russia

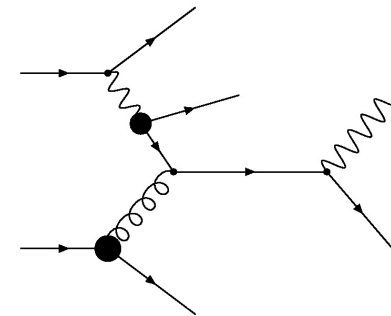
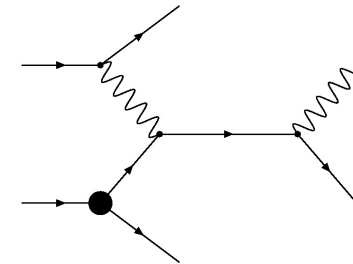


Content

- Motivation
- Phenomenology of kt -factorization
- Some calculation details
- Numerical results
 - photoproduction regime
 - DIS
- Summary

Motivation I

- Prompt photons are directly coupled to the interacted quarks
- At HERA, they can be produced via direct and resolved photon events
- They directly probe the proton and photon PDFs
- They not affected by the subsequent fragmentation and hadronization



Motivation II

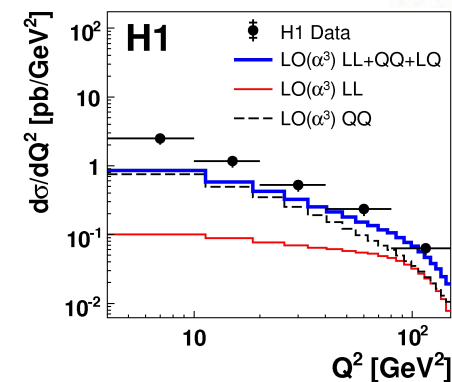
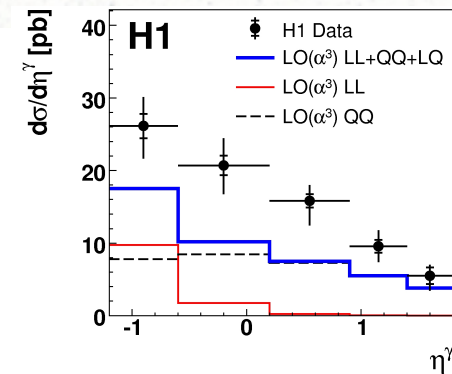
- The NLO QCD predictions are typically 30 – 40% below the photoproduction data

A. Zembrzuski, M. Krawczyk,
PRD 64, 114017 (2001)

M. Fontannaz, J.Ph. Guillet, G. Heinrich,
EPJ C 21, 303 (2001)

- At DIS, there is substantial underestimation of the data at low Q^2

A. Gehrmann-De Rider, G. Kramer,
H. Spiesberger, PRL 96, 132006 (2006)



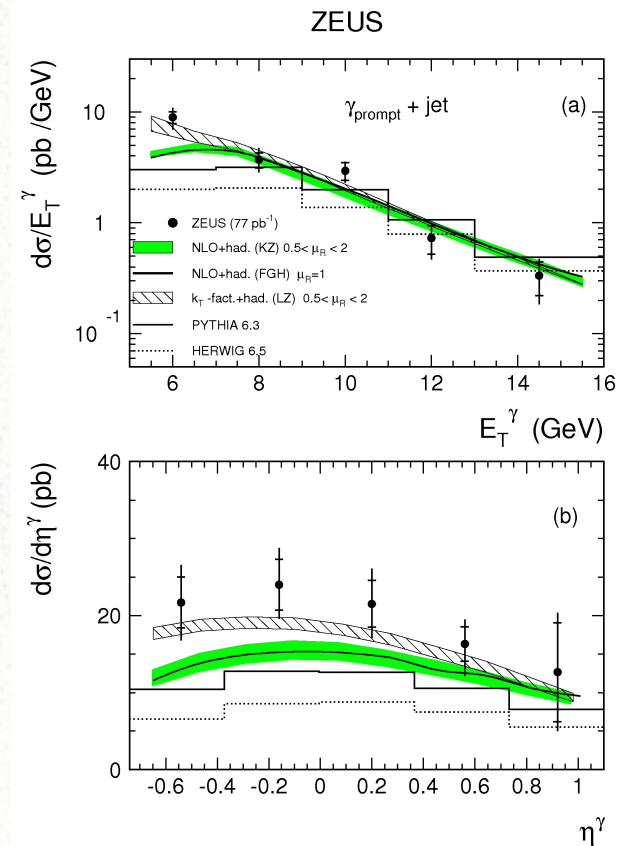
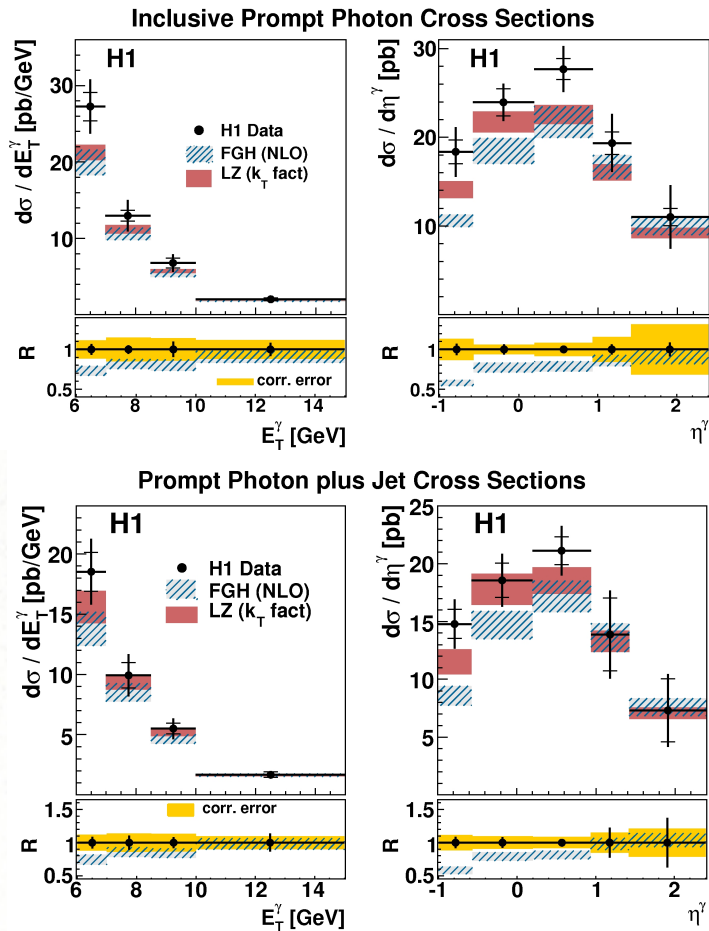


Motivation III

- The visible disagreement in NLO calculations can be reduced by the introducing «by hands» of some intrinsic partonic transverse momentum $k_t \sim 2 \text{ GeV}$. However, such large k_t should have a significant QCD component
- The non-zero partonic k_t is naturally occurs in the ***kt-factorization approach of QCD***, where it is controlled by the non-collinear (BFKL-like) evolution equations
- First applications of the k_t -factorization approach to the prompt photon photo-production have been made

A.V. Lipatov, N.P. Zotov, PRD 72, 054002 (2005)

Motivation IV





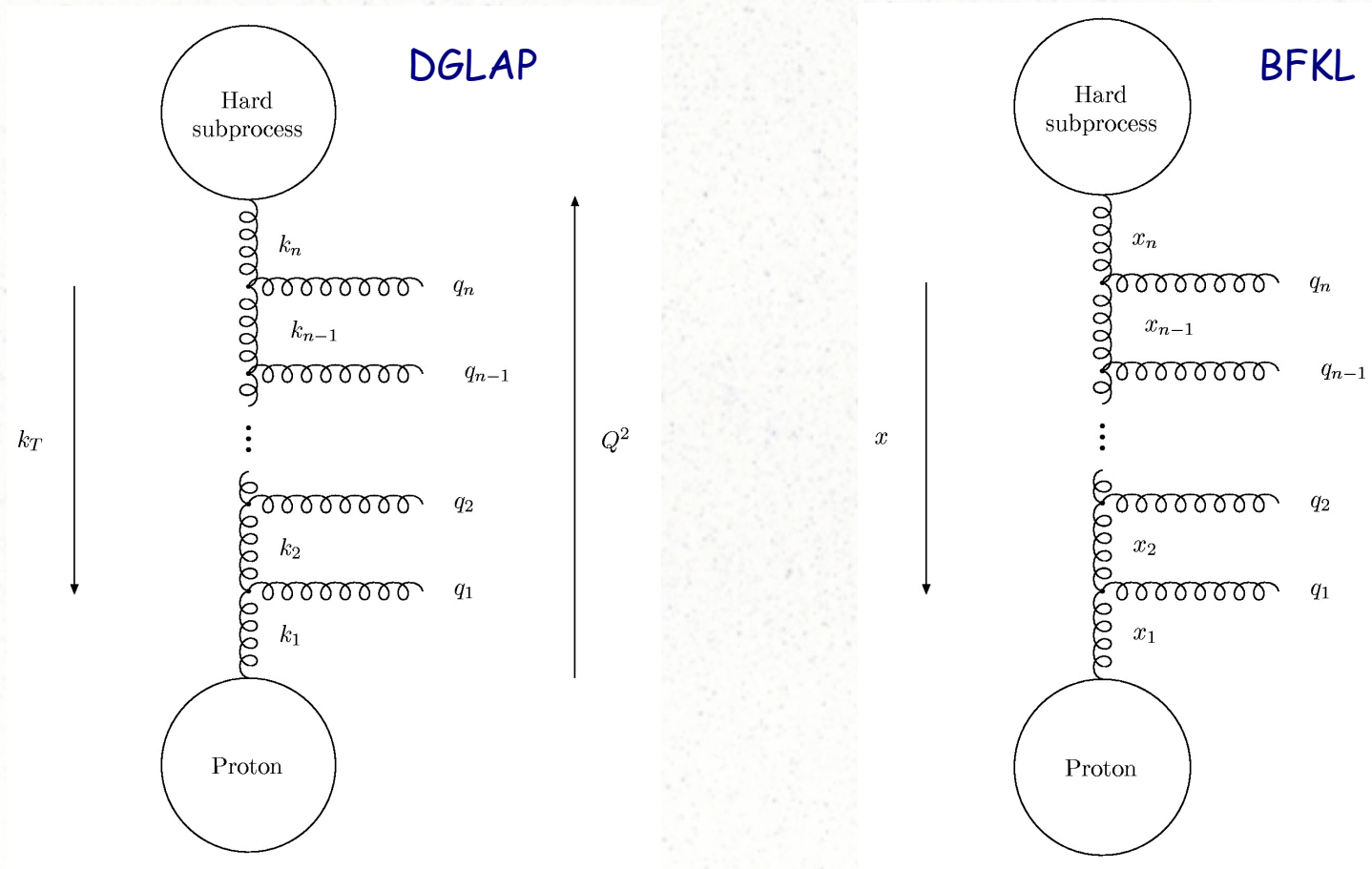
kt-factorization approach II

- The large logarithms $\sim 1/x$ are summed up via BFKL or CCFM equations
- Matrix elements of partonic subprocesses should be off-shell
- Partonic PDFs should be unintegrated (i.e. kt-dependent)
- Any observable can be calculated by the convolution of off-shell matrix elements with the unintegrated PDFs in both x and kt

See more details in

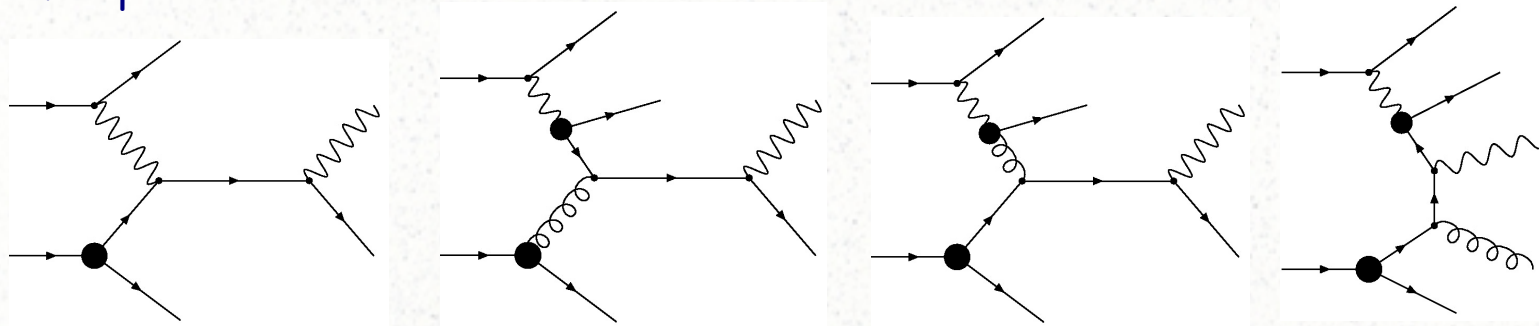
Small- x Collaboration, EPJ C 48, 53 (2006); EPJ C 35, 67 (2004);
EPJ C 25, 77 (2002)

kt-factorization approach I

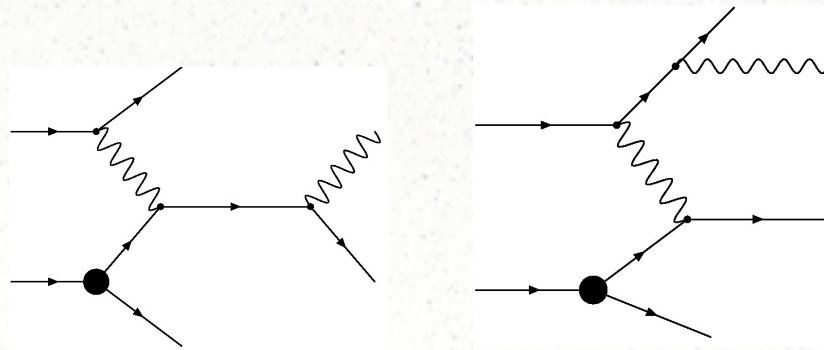


Calculations I

Photoproduction



DIS





Calculations II

In off-shell matrix elements:

- Polarization tensor for off-shell gluons: $\sum e^\mu e^\nu = \frac{k_T^\mu k_T^\nu}{k_T^2}$
- To calculate the spin density matrix for off-shell quarks, we extend the original diagram and consider the off-shell quark line as internal line in the extended diagram.
- In the small- x approximation: $\sum u \bar{u} = x \hat{p}_p$
(neglecting also the quark masses)



Calculations III

- **KMR unintegrated PDFs**

M.A. Kimber, A.D. Martin, M.G. Ryskin, PRD 63, 114027 (2001)

$$f_q(x, k_T^2, \mu^2) \sim T_q(k_T^2, \mu^2) [P_{qq} \times q(x, k_T^2) + P_{qg} \times g(x, k_T^2)]$$

$$f_g(x, k_T^2, \mu^2) \sim T_g(k_T^2, \mu^2) [P_{gq} \times q(x, k_T^2) + P_g \times g(x, k_T^2)]$$

- **CCFM unintegrated PDFs**

gluon density has been fitted on DIS data H. Jung, arXiv:hep-ph/0411287

valence quark density has been proposed M. Deak, H. Jung, K. Kutak, DIS'08

sea quark density is approximated by the last gluon splitting, i.e.

$$f_q^{(s)}(x, k_T^2, \mu^2) \sim P_{qg} \times f_g(x, k_T^2, \mu^2)$$



Calculations IV

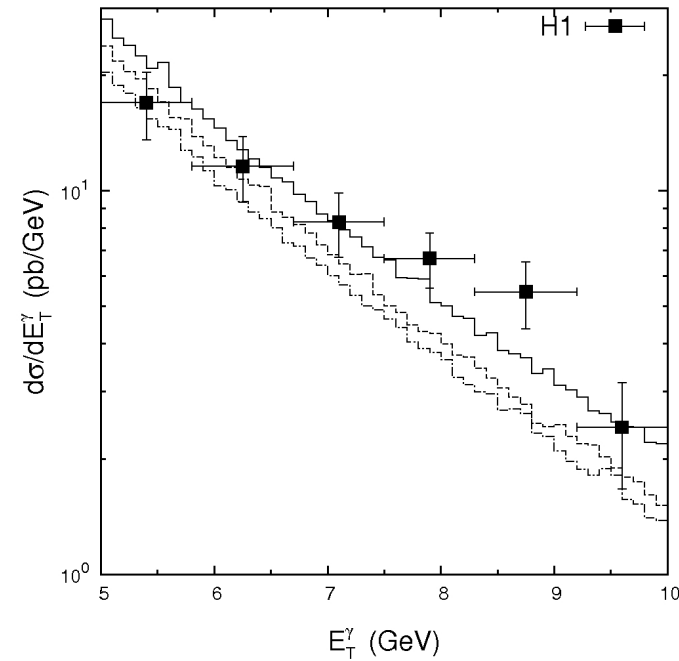
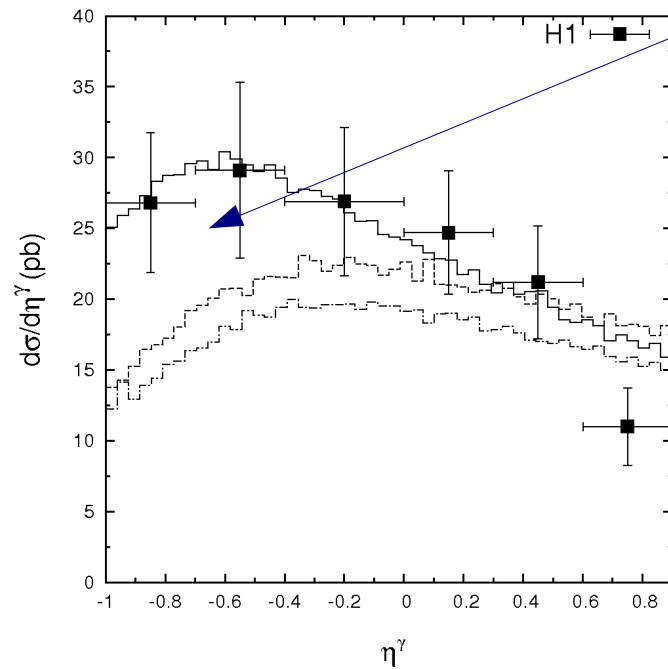
Numerical parameters:

- Massless approximation for all quark flavours
- Isolation criterion (also removes the fragmentation photons)
- $N_f = 4$, $\Lambda_{QCD} = 200 \text{ MeV}$
- Hard scale $\mu^2 = E_T^2$

Numerical results: incl. photoproduction

Solid histograms — KMR uPDFs
 Dashed (dash-dotted) — CCFM set A0 (B0)

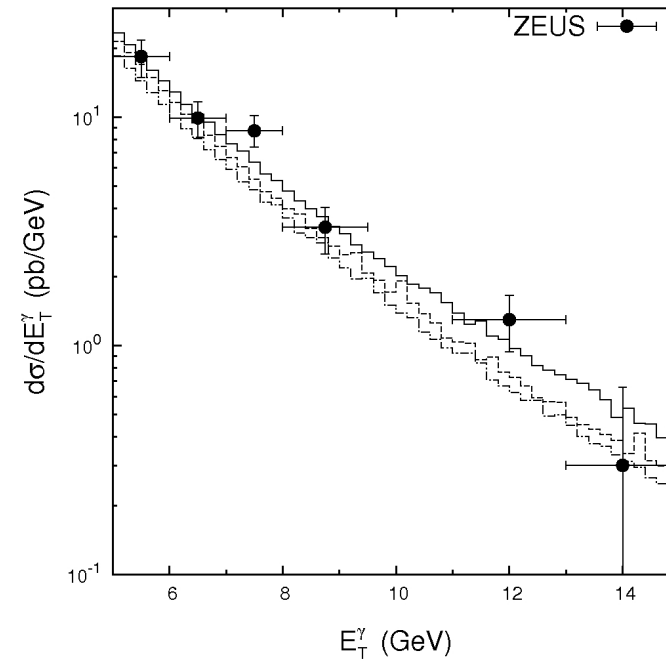
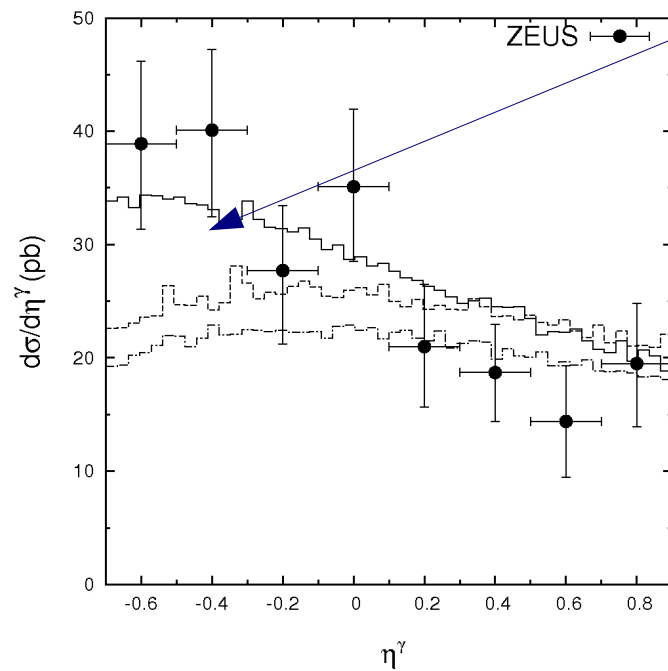
Missing sea quarks component
 in CCFM



Numerical results: incl. photoproduction

Solid histograms — KMR uPDFs
 Dashed (dash-dotted) — CCFM set A0 (B0)

Missing sea quarks component
 in CCFM

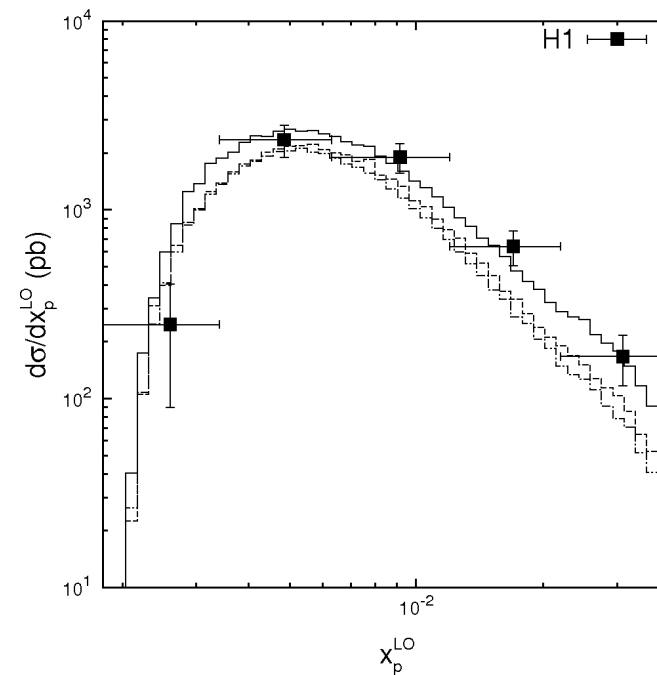
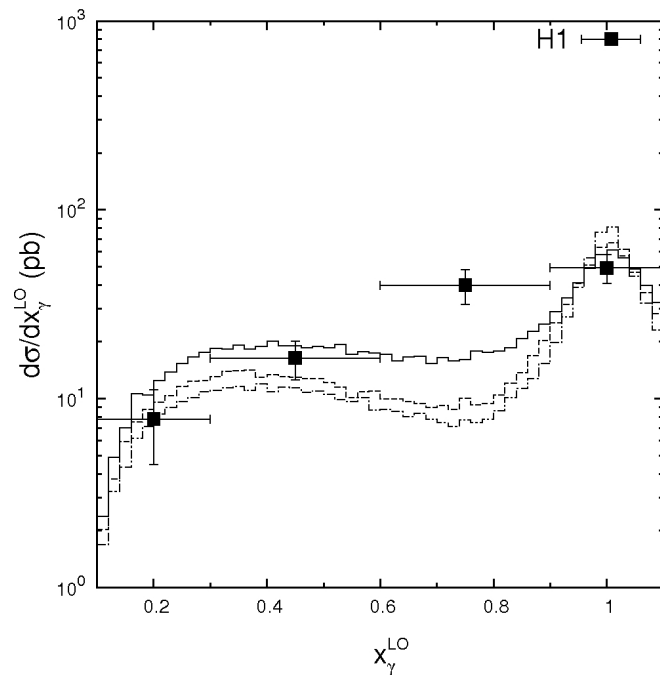




Numerical results: excl. photoproduction

Solid histograms — KMR uPDFs

Dashed (dash-dotted) — CCFM set A0 (B0)





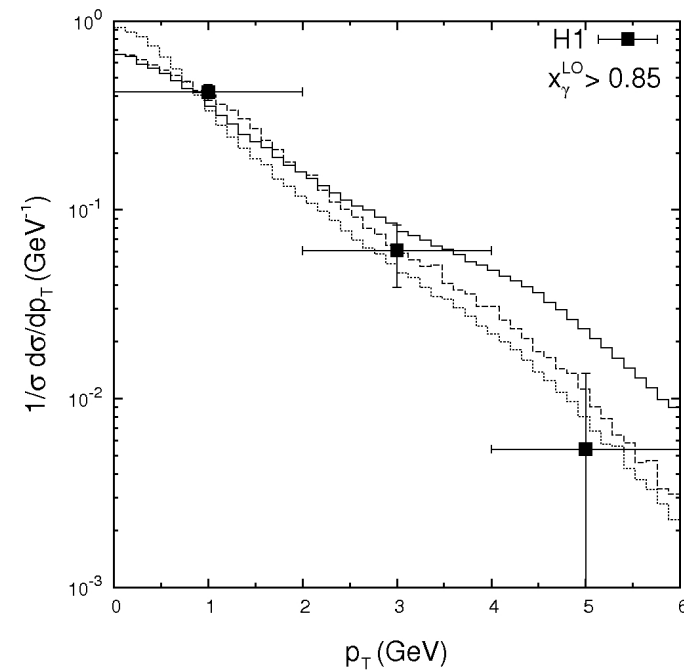
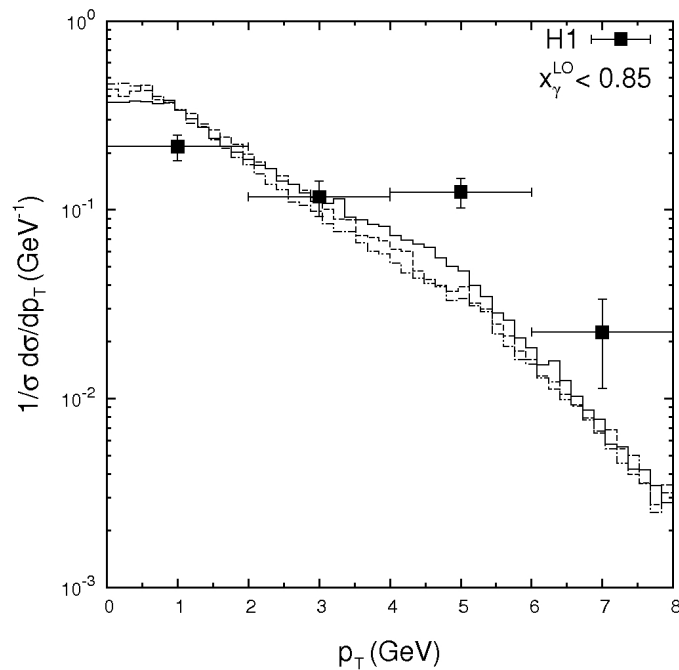
Numerical results: excl. photoproduction

$$p_T = E_T^\gamma \sin \Delta \varphi$$

Sensitive to the high-order contributions

Solid histograms — KMR

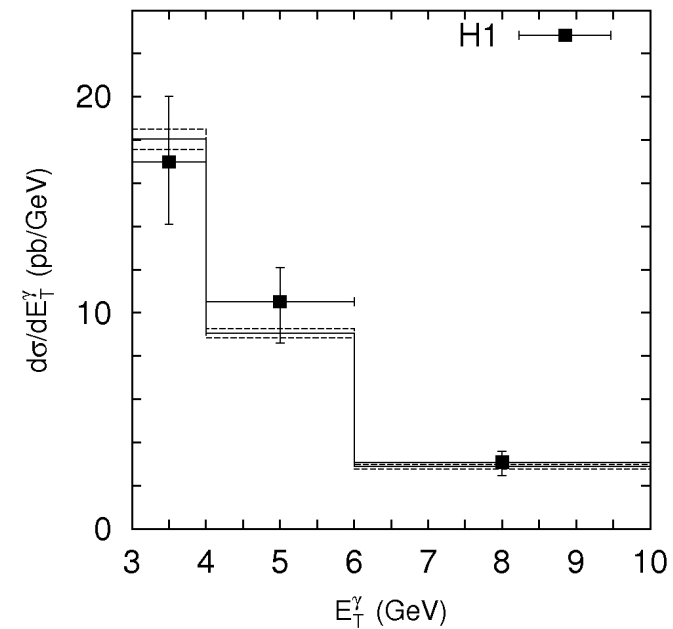
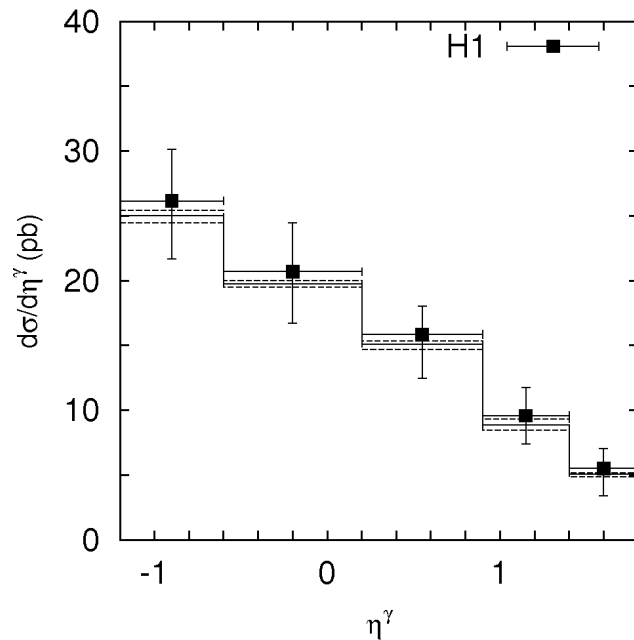
Dashed (dash-dotted) — CCFM



Numerical results: DIS

Soild histograms — KMR uPDFs

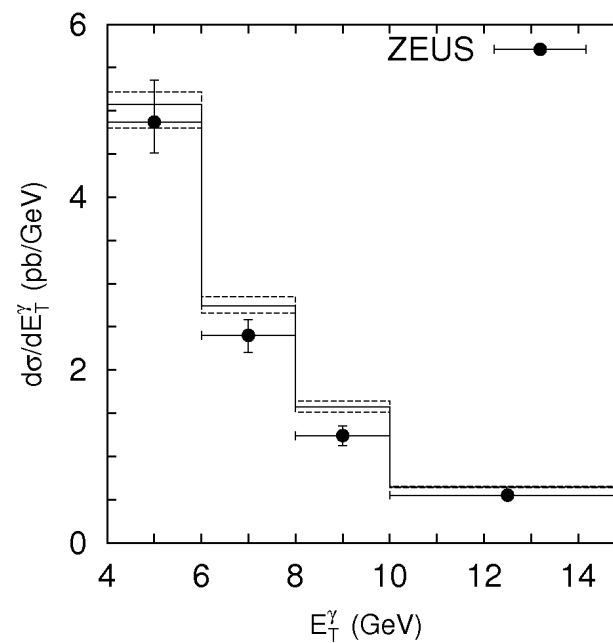
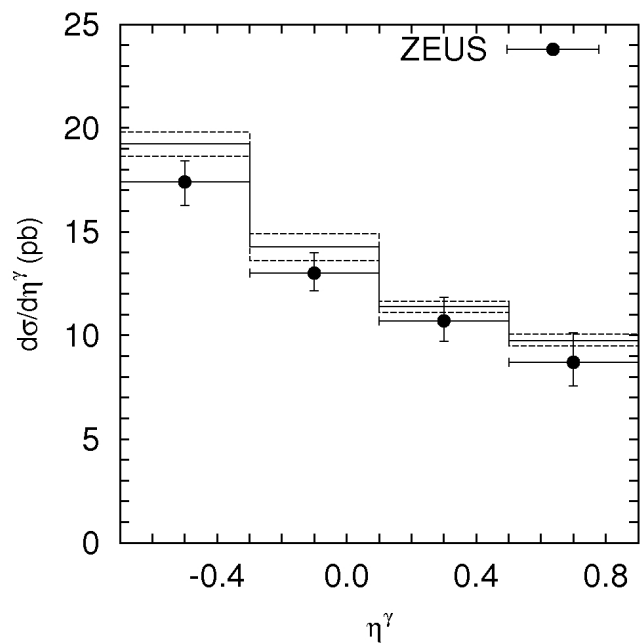
Upper and lower dashed histograms — scale variations in KMR



Numerical results: DIS

Soild histograms — KMR uPDFs

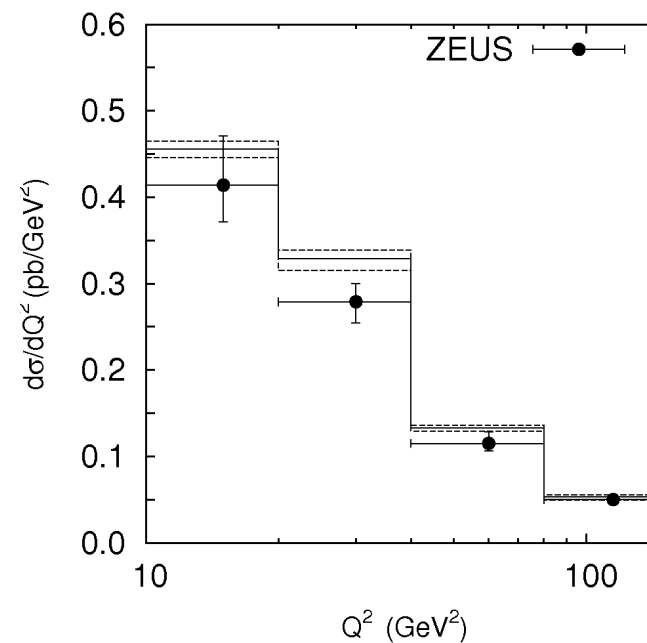
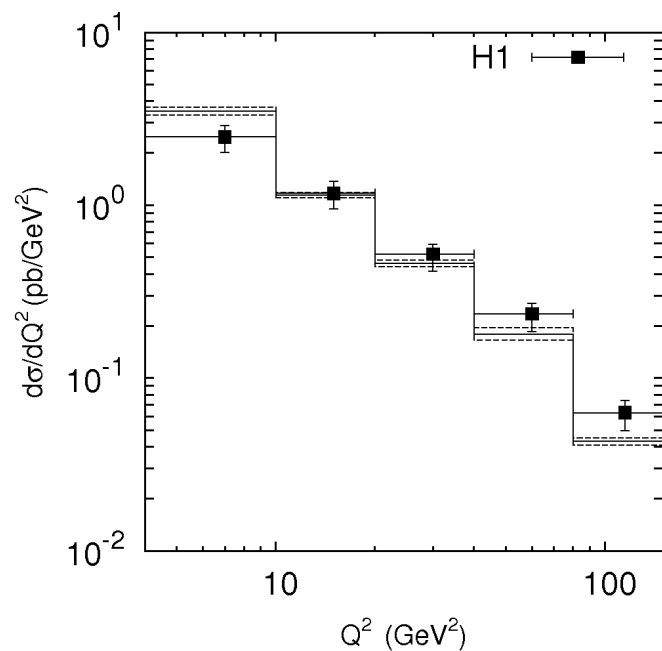
Upper and lower dashed histograms — scale variations in KMR



Numerical results: DIS

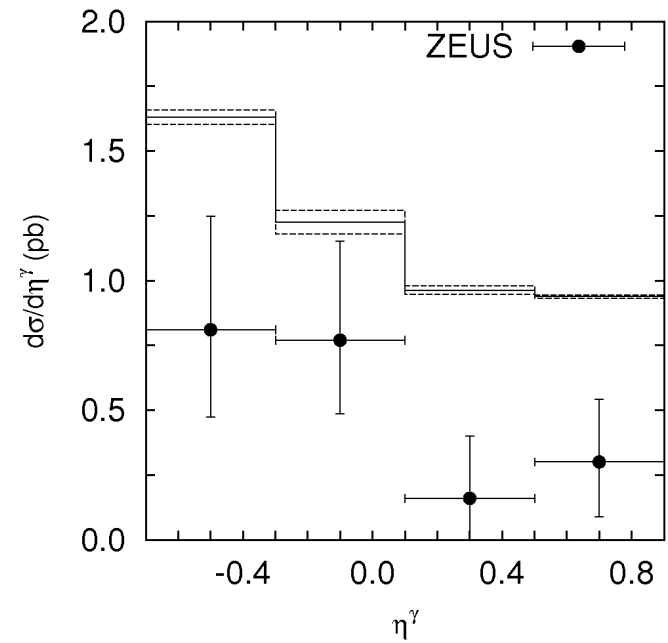
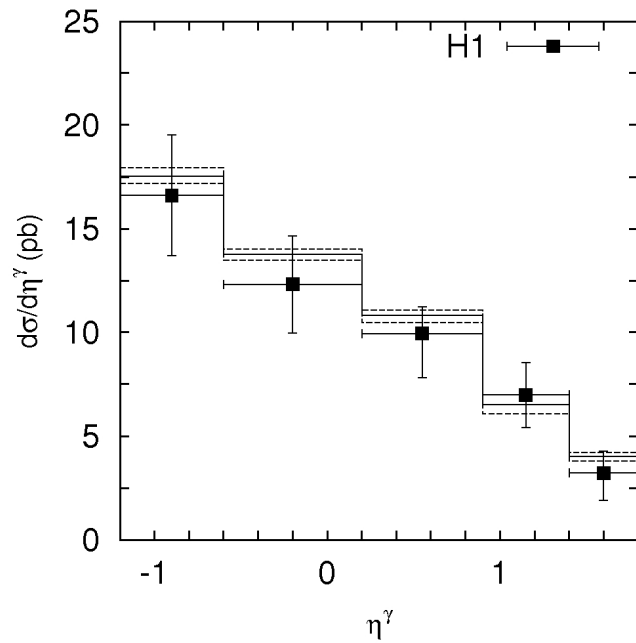
Soild histograms — KMR uPDFs

Upper and lower dashed histograms — scale variations in KMR



Numerical results: DIS

Different description of the H1 and ZEUS data in the exclusive production case





Summary

- We presented the numerical calculations for the prompt photon production at HERA (both photo-production and DIS)
- We find a good agreement with the HERA data
- The transverse momentum of initial partons is important for description of the HERA data
- The higher-order QCD contributions are effectively simulated in the kt -factorization approach at LO level
- The contribution from the quarks are important and should be included into the non-collinear evolution cascade